McAllister & Beaver

THE BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN

ESTABLISHED IN 1869. "Let us see to it, that a Government of the People, for the People, and by the People, shall not Perish from the Earth."—A. LINCOLN. TERMS: $2.00 PER ANNUM.

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BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN

BY EDWARD T. TUTEN.

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POLITICAL NOTES.

—Blaine slew Hill by impaling him on the point of an interrogation.

—Every member of the present Legislature of Minnesota was born outside of the State—all "carpet-baggers."

—The Canadian Government proposes to extend the franchise to Indians—thus placing them in all respects on an equality with white men.

—Hon. Daniel Marcy, of Portsmouth, was nominated Governor of New Hampshire in the Democratic State Convention Wednesday, Jan. 12.

—It is decided to hold the Republican National Convention, to nominate candidates for President and Vice-President, at Cincinnati some time in June.

—Whenever a Democratic bull in the Congressional pasture bears the word "Andersonville," he paws the earth, throws dust on his back and bellows furiously.

—Texas is the first State in the Union to appoint electors for the Presidential campaign. Two Democratic electors for the State at large were chosen by the recent Constitutional Convention.

—Whether it is for the Republican party to offer amnesty to the South, Jeff Davis included, or not, it has been demonstrated with sufficient conclusiveness, that it is not safe for the Democratic party to do so.

—Frank Nolan, the gallant one-legged Union soldier, who has acted as janitor of the Court House for some time past, is compelled to "step down and out" for the benefit of a healthy Democrat. —[Venango Spectator.

—If there is no desire or intention on the part of Southern Democrats to revive the issues of the war, why do they so persistently seek to use the National Treasury to reimburse themselves for their losses during the rebellion?

—The kernel of the whole subject with reference to the amnesty debate in Congress is this: The Democrats placed themselves in the position of trying to specially honor Jeff Davis; failing in which, they lost the amnesty bill altogether.

—The Republicans of New Hampshire have renominated Gov. Cheeny. This election comes off in March and is the first shot of the Centennial year. We know that the Republicans of that State will do their duty and will open the Centennial campaign with a good round Republican victory.

—The Grand Jury of Cole county, Mo., has recently found twenty-four indictments against leaders of the Democratic party in the State. Our local papers think there is a probability that the criminal courts will soon succeed in "wiping out" the party in that section. The Centennial is bringing the "reformers" to their own.

—The New York *Herald* objects to woman suffrage because it might lead to the introduction of the mother-in-law into politicts in the shape of a candidate for the Presidency, and rather than suffer the cruelty of an old mother-in-law for President, it would prefer even Gov. Tilden. If it comes to that, the *Herald* might as well support one old woman as another.

—In this pleasant manner the Wilmington *Star*, of North Carolina, pays its respects to the Republican leader of the House: "Blaine, Jim Blaine, miserable trickster, small potato statesmen, do you think you are writing your name among the Presidents by any such as that stab at Jefferson Davis? Blaine, you are weaving a crown of moonshine to place on the head of a man of straw. That way no President ever is made."

—It is said that the Democrats will also hold their National Convention at Cincinnati, in order to counteract the local influence likely to be exercised by the Republican Convention, but if they are wise they will go somewhere else—to Louisville, for instance, or St. Louis, where the Democratic stomach is strong enough to stand anything. The Greeley Convention did not help the party to carry Ohio in 1872, and there is no probability that the Democratic Convention of 1876 will be any less disgusting than its predecessor.

LIGHT.

Man, of all created beings, is the only one who seems to need artificial light to aid him in bridging over the long period of darkness between sun and sun, and is the only one with sufficient intelligence to supply himself with the kind of light he needs. The fire-fly and the glow-worm are furnished by nature with the means of producing a pale phosphorescent light, which we suppose serves them some good purpose; and some animals and birds, such as the cat and the owl, have eyes constructed to see tolerably well in the dark, but man alone has been able to kindle a fire, and invent a lamp, and procure something to burn in it. The methods of producing artificial light have been as progressive as our civilization, and it is curious to look back and note how the supply has always been equal to the demand, both in quantity and quality.

There was probably a time in the early history of our race when no artificial light was used, nor was it much needed by those who roosted in the trees. But when the inventive mind of man began to devise other and more convenient habitations, the need of artificial light began to be felt and it was doubtless a season of great rejoicing when the first pine knot gave forth its brilliant rays, and the dish of oil or lump of fat was utilized for purposes of illumination. Probably the first improvement on the primitive method of lighting by means of the pine knot or lump of fat, was the invention of the lamp. Rude forms of this useful article have been dug from the earth with other utensils of the stone age, and in later periods they were found elaborately carved and ornamented.

The materials used for supplying the carbon, without which we can have no good light, were fats of the various animals and oils obtained from fish, and up to within fifty years, we were restricted to these articles alone, unless we except bees-wax, which was used to give body and durability to the fats which were formed into candles. In due time the supply of fish oil became limited, and the tallow was wholly inadequate to the increasing demand for "more light." The astral lamp had previously been substituted for the small round wick, which only served to make the darknest visible, though its use was mostly confined to churches and the houses of the wealthy. As the country progressed, capital and labor united to build factories, and these must be illuminated a portion of the time; large cities were built, and for public convenience and safety, and the prevention of crime, it was necessary that the streets should be lighted; private houses were largely multiplied, and the want of more illuminating material began to be seriously felt. Experiments with a mixture of alcohol and spirits of turpentine were made, and with some success, but the supply of these materials was insufficient, and they subsequently became so costly as to prohibit their use.

The use of illuminating gas was an important step, though for a time it was confined to our large cities. But it afforded immense relief to the diminished supply of illuminating substances which had previously been used, and few persons had any idea of the revolution it was destined to work. When it was first used the people were afraid of it, and when it was proposed to introduce it into Philadelphia, to light the streets and public buildings, there was a strong remonstrance against it. But people soon became accustomed to it, and we should not now know how to get along without it. In due time kerosene was manufactured from coal, and subsequently from petroleum, and now our coal deposits furnish us with all our artificial light, and the supply appears to be inexhaustible. There seems to be something providential in the way man has been supplied with material for illuminating purposes, and judging from the past, we should have no fears for the future. To appreciate the progress in this direction we have only to compare the light of a tallow candle with that of one of our Argand burners of the present day. The latter will give more light than twelve of the former, and at much less expense. Light is now so cheap as to be within the reach of all, and if our dwellings are not light and cheerful, it is due to indolence or stupidity, and perhaps to both.

Our present system seems almost the perfection of illumination, but there may still be chances for progress. We may yet be able to supply ourselves with light from water, or we may succeed in capturing and keeping the sunbeams to furnish us with light when the glorious orb has disappeared. But we ought to be thankful for our present system, which enables us who reside where there is such a preponderance of darkness for much of the year, to illuminate our streets and homes at such a trifling cost. The influence of good light and a plenty of it, in our houses, is salutary. It makes them appear cheerful and attractive, and is powerful in inducing the young to remain at home and under home influences. It affords us important facilities for mental improvement, adds greatly to our means of usefulness and years to our life.

THE SABBATH-SCHOOL SYSTEM.

Though the Sabbath school system in America is comparatively recent, its development and growth is truly wonderful; and it now claims a large share of attention from both ministers and parents. Its importance as a feeder of the church was very early recognized, and now it is regarded as one of our most important agencies in the moral and intellectual development of the young. There can be no better evidence of the prosperity of a religious society than a well-attended and well-managed Sunday-school, and such a school also most emphatically avouches for the high moral character of the community in which it is found.

But there are too many parents who content themselves with sending their children to the Sabbath-school, and do not go themselves. This is wrong—unless the home duties of the parent are of such a nature that they cannot well be postponed till the school is over. The presence of the parents has an encouraging effect on the children, besides greatly aiding the superintendent in maintaining order. Where they are capable, parents are needed as teachers, and where they are not capable, they should certainly attend for their own benefit as well as that of their own children, and take their places in the Bible class. The burden of conducting a Sunday-school should not be imposed upon a few, but all should unite and make individual labor light enough to be pleasant. The intellectual training which many Sabbath-school scholars now receive, to say nothing of the religious instruction, is of great value to them, and may have an important bearing on their future course of life. Many of our young ministers have been encouraged to prepare themselves for their high calling, from the success of their efforts in the Sunday-schools. The Sabbath-school is not only the nursery of the church, but it is a school for the development of mind and for the moulding of character, and to those who receive its full benefits, a pledge of good citizenship.

—We notice in our exchanges many complimentary allusions to D. H. Hastings, Esq., our late associate editor. We think we can say that Mr. Hastings will not soon forget the kindness of those with whom he so often clashed quills in wordy war. To those who are wishing him all kinds of good luck and success in his new field of labor,—the law—we can say it is a consummation most probable, for he is a persistent and energetic worker, and is even now on the high road to success. He is associated in the law business with Col. D. G. Bush and Seth Yocum, Esq., two of the leading members of the Bellefonte bar, under the firm name of Bush, Yocum & Hastings.

—Green's five-cent cigars are all the rage.

HARRISBURG.

Address of Governor Hartranft on the Occasion of His Second Inaugural as Governor of Pennsylvania, on the 18th Day of January, 1876.

Gentlemen of the Senate and House of Representatives and Fellow Citizens:

Three years ago, when the oath of office was administered to me as Executive, I took occasion to express the sense of my infinite obligations to the people of the State who had honored me with repeated proofs of their confidence and good opinion, and it would be unworthy affectation if I did not now renew my acknowledgments to the same generous constituency, who, after a three years' stewardship of the highest office in their gift, have called me again to assume its important duties.

The continued favor and inflexible support my conduct of public affairs has received from the citizens of the Commonwealth, bespeak from me in return, the utmost zeal and fidelity in their service, and my highest ambition will be reached if my administration will be remembered as an honorable one that studied and provided for their best interests. I still have as exalted an opinion of the great trust you have conferred upon me as when first confronted with its novel and grave responsibilities, and despite the experience had, am none the less distrustful of my abilities to meet its requirements, but whatever may be my other deficiencies, I do not know what it is to be wanting in attachment to my State, or affection for her people who have distinguished me with so many obliging and conspicuous marks of partiality.

I am not unmindful that the welfare and progress of a State depend less upon its government and rulers than upon the habits and circumstances of its citizens, and that no measures of administration can produce any substantial good unless they are dictated by public opinion, or are begotten of the public necessities. A people must be ripe for reform or reform can work them no permanent benefit. Invention may exhaust itself in contrivances of public utility, and rulers may be never so wise in their devices, but if the dispositions and intelligence of a people are unprepared for the reception of remedies, they will not take root in their affections or affairs.

Imbued with these convictions, the maxims for the conduct of my administration were easily formed. It was only necessary to resolve that its acts should have no selfish taint, that they should be colored by no personal predilections or warped by any theories, and that inspired neither by fear or favor they should aim to reflect the people's will. With the lights with which Heaven has endowed me I have striven to adhere to these maxims; and if at any time I have failed to conform thereto it has not been from lack of patient investigation and honest exertion, or of a tender and jealous regard for the honor of the State, but from a misconception or misapprehension of the wishes or needs of her people. In the future then, as in the past, as the Executive of the Comonwealth, I can have no interest, and can embrace no doctrine or embark in any cause that will not advance the material prosperity and promote the enlightenment of her citizens.

My opinions upon the questions that effect the government of the State have been presented in my annual message and it is unnecessary to again to refer to them.

When we look around us, gentlemen of the Legislature, how various, multiform and intricate are the interests of our great Commonwealth. Certainly it is a proud distinction to be chosen to administer the affairs of a State that has within its limits so many of the elements of empire, and it behooves us to see to it that neither its dignity or prosperity suffer through any default of ours. Let us remit no effort that will enlarge the happiness or benefits of her citizens; let us be distinguished by loyalty to her interests, by a jealous care of her institutions, a liberal understanding of and provision for her necessities, by humane attention to the wants of her poor and afflicted, and enlightened treatment of her criminal classes, and by a tolerance of opinion, political and religious, so that when we are discharged of our trusts we can deliver them to our successors with the approval of our consciences, and, let us hope, with the blessing of a grateful people.

With this renewal of my obligations as your Executive, I invite the earnest and active co-operation and counsel of all good citizens, and implore that my official acts may have the sanction of Divine Providence.

Letter From York, Pa.

YORK, Pa., Jan. 6, 1875.

DEAR REPUBLICAN: After a busy day I came in to find your welcome pages before me, previously well perused by *Dearie* who hardly forgave you for not visiting us last week.

One of the first pieces of news that greeted me was, that Prof. Hastings' engagements compelled his withdrawal from the local editorship. Unless you are exceedingly fortunate, I fear your readers will experience a loss. His spicy, racy, chaste and able management rendered that part of the REPUBLICAN an attractive feature to an absent son of Centre county.

I perceive that you ushered in the Centennial year much as we did in York. I do not think there was a single house in our town unilluminated. The displays on our four engine houses and all other public buildings, as well as on many private residences, were magnificent. From half past eleven until 1 o'clock, the streets were brilliant, crowded with people, and resonant with the discharge of fire-arms, the music of bands heading the numerous processions, the clanging of bells, and other manifestations of patriotic joy.

York has great revolutionary claims. For a considerable time it was the capitol of the infant Republic, and two of the members of Congress then in session, lie buried here, besides many generals and others high in command or esteem during the "time that tried men's souls." Nearly all the old families of York claim a revolutionary ancestry. The first soldiers that crossed the Hudson eastward, were from York. Then we have two souvenirs of the war of 1812—veterans of North Point. Two others died quite recently. Still later, we have veterans of the Mexican war, and last but not least, thousands of those whose gallantry helped conquer the rebellion. In this connection I may recall the fact that some hundreds of deceased veterans who died in the hospital located here, during the late war, lie buried in Prospect Hill cemetery, one of the most beautiful naturally, and adorned by hundreds of monuments of great cost, some of Italian manufacture. These gallant defenders now lie buried in two circles, one inside the other. In the centre, on an immense block of granite, stands a beautiful and expressive soldier in the position of "Rest." There are a number in the heroic circles from Centre county, mostly belonging to the 45th, 148th regiments. Their graves are decorated annually by our living veterans. As the practice is now coming into custom of planting permanent flowers on the graves, I will cheerfully agree to plant such a testimonial on the grave of any Centre county soldier if his friends will inform me of his name and regiment. Let them address, box 115, York, Pa. I want no money, it is a labor of love. If the boy of the 45th who survives me, plants a rose bush on my grave, I, if spirits of the departed can communicate with the living, whisper a grateful benison.

In my first letter I mentioned the death of Mr. P. A. Small. Now I must regretfully inform the many wounded soldiers of Centre that his daughter, and their nurse and comforter, is dead. She labored faithfully all her life in ministering to the poor, sick and suffering. Miss Sue has gone to the abode of Him who said, "I was thirsty, and you gave me drink."

The notice of your public school examinations causes me to recall, with much pleasure, those of York. Our schools are under the management of Prof. Wm. Shelley, A. M., who occupies the position of borough superintendent and principal of the high school. This school has just met a heavy loss by the death of Prof. Kalee Preston, A. M., assistant principal, whose place it will be difficult to fill with a man of equal ability. The student graduating at the York high school passes an education superior to many who "go through" some prominent college. It costs a poor man just one dollar to send twelve, or twenty children, if he is so unfortunate, to our grand common schools. With such a superintendent, all the lower grades are equally up to that of the high school. Our school houses are models of beauty and comfort. We have two colleges, both excellent institutions. College Hill College, for young ladies, is situated in a fine park, with springs and fountains, and the buildings are large and attractive. The school is under the charge of the Episcopal church and is well patronized. The Collegiate Institute is under the management of the Presbyterian church. It was built and presented to the Presbytery by Mr. Samuel Small, Sr. It is a large, elegant four-story building, and so well patronized that it is difficult to obtain admission for instruction under its able corps of professors. Mr. S. will have to expend another hundred thousand or so to accommodate the press of students desiring education in this monument of his philanthropic munificence. Don't you think the coming Yorker should make his mark with all these advantages, when I have not said a word of our flourishing Academy, Normal School or Commercial College?

I have boasted so much that I must compensate by regreting that we only have old market sheds in Centre Square, the only market house being far distant in the western part of the town, three-fourths of a mile from Centre Square, and one and a half miles more from the eastern end of town. Wm. Penn gave fifteen acres of ground for a "cow pasture" that is now almost surrounded by prominent streets, yet a false economy prevents the authorities from creating one of the finest and largest parks, centrally located, that any town in Pennsylvania could boast, Fairmount Park being, perhaps, alone excepted. Then we have no town hall suitable for a city of 18,000 inhabitants, but one poor dingy room, small and ill-arranged.

We hope these defects will be remedied as a progressive spirit encroaches on our "slow but sure" way of going, and when you visit us, we will not seem too far behind other wide-awake communities over which the "bold, bald, bird," flaps his defiant wings.

More anon. H.

Newspaper Gossip.

—The Harrisburg Daily *Telegraph* is now a daily visitor at this office. It is a staunch Republican journal, and ranks first among the Harrisburg dailies.

—The Osceola *Reveille* has been changed to the "Industrial World." It has also changed hands, and is now published by Mr. O. E. McFadden.

—The Columbia *Courant* has been considerably enlarged, has assumed other new features, and is now a good local journal.

—The Renova *Record* comes out with a new heading. It looks neat, and is a great improvement on the old one. The *Record* pays particular attention to the railroad interests of Renova.

—The Philadelphia *Times*, one of the liveliest morning dailies of Philadelphia, came out several weeks ago in a new dress of type and somewhat enlarged. The *Times* is a well conducted journal, contains the freshest news of the day, and considering the length of time it has been established, seems to be meeting with great success.

—The New York Daily *Tribune* now comes regularly to this office. Although we do not think it stands quite as high as when under the management of its illustrious founder, yet it is conducted with marked ability, has an excellent staff of ready and able writers, and publishes far more news than any other paper in the country, and we think is rather improving of late.

—The *Scientific American*, the leading journal of science in the United States, enters with the beginning of the new year, upon its thirty-fourth year. This valuable paper circulates through all the States of the Union, has a world-wide reputation, and does more for the promotion and advancement of science than any work of its kind in the country. It is carefully and ably edited, profusely illustrated with engravings of modern inventions, and contains an abundance of useful and instructive reading, and should be in the hands of every mechanic throughout the land.

THERE has been a movement in the United States Senate to elect a presiding officer in place of Mr. Ferry, since the death of Vice President Wilson, but when the question came to a vote it was decided to make no change. The New York papers tried to get up a prejudice against Mr. Ferry because he is not a contractionist, but fortunately their wind blew neither good or harm to anybody.

Poetry.

LABOR.

Toil swings the axe, and forests bow,
The seed breaks out in radiant bloom,
Rich harvests smile behind the plow,
And cities cluster round the loom,
Where towering domes and tapering spires
Adorn the vale and crown the hill,
Stout labor lights its beacon fires,
And plumes with smoke the forge and mill.

The monarch oak, the woodland's pride,
Whose trunk is seamed with lightning scars,
Toil launches on the restless tide,
And there unrolls the flag of stars;
The engine with his lungs of flame,
And ribs of brass and joints of steel,
From Labor's plastic finger came,
With sobbing valve and whirling wheel.

Our Story Teller.

Mr. Dayton's Housekeeper.

WANTED.--A housekeeper--No one but an elderly person, competent, and of the highest respectibility need apply. Call between the hours of 3 and 4, Thursday 6th, at No. ——, Michigan avenue.

Kate Franklin read this in the paper which lay on the counter in the little grocery while waiting to have an ounce or two of tea done up and a roll of baker's bread.

She repeated the number of the house over to herself as she received the change from the grocer.

She prepared the tea after she returned to the little bare attic, and ate her scanty meal mechanically. She forgot how unsatisfied her appetite still was in her busy thought.

A stranger in a strange place, successively she had tried to find a situation as teacher, copyist, in a store, sewing. She had failed in the first three, and was starving on the last.

She would apply for the place, but she would need references. Only one person she knew in the whole great city of sufficient influence—Mrs. Davenport, the rich, haughty, step-sister who had ill-treated her gentle mother while she lived, and hated Kate herself.

Perhaps Kate thought she would permit her to refer her, because glad to have her descend to menial employment.

But an "elderly woman." Now Kate was not an elderly woman, being only 20; but she remembered, with a sort of pleasure, that in private theatricals in happier days she had imitated the voice and assumed the character of an old woman with great success. She knew how to stain the skin to give an old appearance and she had in the bottom of a box some false grey hair and a muslin cap worn on one of these occasions. She did not need to look so very old—only to present a mature and matronly appearance.

Mr. Edward Dayton waited at home after his dinner to see the respondents to his advertisements. He was a handsome man, not yet 30, with a gray, frank, good-natured countenance.

He leaned back in a nonchalant way, his feet on another chair.

"There ought to be a Mrs. Dayton to manage these housekeeping matters. Well, there's time enough.

Two applicants were seen and dismissed in Mr. Dayton's gentlemanly way.

A third was ushered in. Mr. Dayton instinctively laid aside his cigar, and placed a chair for his visitor.

The ladylikeness and propriety of her manners pleased him at once. "Fallen fortunes," he commented to himself.

She answered his questions readily, but in few words.

"A silent woman—a good thing," was his inward remark.

"I think you will suit me. Mrs.——,

"Franklin."

"Mrs. Franklin, you will be required to go out of town, about seven miles, to my country home, Oak Grove—in the town of Embury, on the Grand Central railroad. The salary I propose to pay is $600 per annum. Do my terms suit you?"

She answered quietly that they did.

"Then it is all settled. By the way I suppose you have references, though that is a mere matter of form."

The name of Davenport was given.

"Davenport? Robert Davenport? I know them. All right. If convenient you will please go to-morrow, Mrs. Franklin, or the next day. I shall not come till the middle of next week, and probably bring a friend or two with me. Have the chambers in the center and wings prepared, if you please. The housekeeper there now will not leave until Saturday. She will show you round."

"Is Mrs.—is your wife there or to go soon?"

He laughed.

"Mrs. Edward Dayton? No she is not there, and I do not know of her going at present." Adding more seriously: "I have not the pleasure, Mrs. Franklin, of having a wife," with a light stress on "pleasure."

A vivid color came into the brown cheek of the housekeeper, and her manner showed evident embarrassment.

"I thought—I believe—I cannot—" and stopped.

He did not notice it. His mind had already turned to other things. He rose.

"It's all settled, I believe. By the way," his eyes falling on the rusty black dress, "you may like an advance, as an evidence of the bargain. It is quite customary, I believe, to do so."

The housekeeper's hand closed on the fifty dollars that he gave her, and the words she would have said, were left unuttered. She moved to the door. He oponed it for her courteously.

"Good morning, madam."

"Good morning," she replied.

"I cannot starve. I must go. I can keep my disguise," she murmured.

Mr. Dayton, accompanied by a friend arrived at his country home the middle of the ensuing week. Everything within and without the house was in perfect order. If the new housekeeper had made a few mistakes at first, they were soon rectified. Every room that she had touched showed a magical touch.

Her predecessor had been one of the kind who believed in the sunlight never entering a room for fear of fading the carpets.

Mr. Dayton felt the change without knowing the cause of it. He looked around him with a satisfied air.

It was not possible to find fault with the variety and quality of the food placed before them, nor the manner of its being served; and the table appointments were perfect; and Dayton congratulated himself upon having such a jewel of a housewife.

The weeks passed and a holiday came. Mr. Dayton had gone to town the day previous to remain the rest of the week. The housekeeper had given permission to the servants to go also. She felt a welcome relief to have the day to herself. She locked the doors carefully after the last servant. She would have no dinner. Only lunch. She had almost forgotten her real character in that which she assumed; but to-day she could be herself without fear of intrusion or discovery.

She laid aside her cap and gray dresses, washed the stain from her skin, and arranged her luxurious hair in becoming curls, and donned a pretty fresh muslin, which fitted well the slight, graceful figure. This done, she entered the parlor and stood before the mirror, as attractive a figure as one would often see.

"Truly, I have forgotten my own looks! I am Kate Franklin, after all," she said.

Removed from her long restraint, her spirits rebounded. She felt gay, light-hearted, and like committing any foolishness.

"Miss Franklin," she said in the mincing, affected tones of an exquisite, "it would be inexpressible pleasure to hear the music of that long silent voice.

"It would be great pity to deprive you of it then," she answered in her natural voice, "and myself also," she added; and going to the piano she opened it, and then she sung song after song in a sweet, clear, cultivated voice. She chose at first the brilliant and triumphant, then the sad and plaintive succeeded. There were tears in her eyes when she rose. But to-day her modes were capricious.

"Mrs. Franklin, who is playing on the piano?" she asked, in excellent imitation of Mr. Dayton's voice.

"It is only I, sir, dusting the keys. They need dusting so often," she replied in Mrs. Franklin's megre tones; and she dusted them vigorously with her pocket handkerchief.

"Ah, me," she said. "Now what other foolish thing shall I do to prove to myself that I am not an elderly housekeeper, but a young girl, who, by virtue of her age, should be gay, by right of birth, wealthy and of consideration, visited and visiting, as Mr. Dayton's lady visits and is visited. He is noble, good, and handsome," she said with a sigh. "She will be happy. How gracefully she danced here at the party the other evening, when the old housekeeper was permitted to look on. She looks good and amaible, too. Mr. Dayton danced with her three times. I wonder if I have forgotten how to dance?" and humming an air, she floated gracefully about the room.

She stopped breathless, her cheeks brilliant from the exercise, her splendid hair disarranged.

"I believe I feel like stiff old Mrs. Franklin, with whom dancing doesn't agree."

"One more song by that heavenly voice, Miss Franklin, and I shall go away dreaming I have heard angel's sing," in the ludicrously affected voice she had before imitated.

She sat down again at the piano, and sang "Home Sweet Home," and then played one of Beethoven's grandest, most solomn pieces.

She rose and closed the piano.

"The carnival is ended. Kate Franklin disappears from the scene, and Madam Franklin enters."

Neither Mr. Dayton nor the servants would have suspected from the placid and dignified deportment of the housekeeper when they returned at evening of what strange freaks she had been guilty of. The housekeeper, as usual, when Mr. Dayton was alone, sat at the table. It had commenced to rain violently, and the weather had grown suddenly cold.

Mr. Dayton, as had he done occasionally, invited her to the library, where a cheerful fire burned in the grate. He read the letters and papers which he had brought with him from town while she knitted.

An hour or more passed in silence; indeed, the housekeeper seldom spoke except when asked a question. At length Mr. Dayton looked up to her and said abruptly:

"Your's must be a lonely life, madam. If it is not a painful subject, may I ask how long since you lost your husband?"

Two hands suspended their employments, two eyes looked up to him with an alarmed expression. In his serious, sympathetic countenence there was nothing to frighten or embarrass, but the red grew deeper on her brown cheek.

"It is a painful subject," she said at last, faltering. "If you will please excuse me."

One morning he was speaking of the great loss to children in being deprived of their parents.

"I never knew a mother," he said. "She died before my earliest recollections. I believe that, man as I am, if I had a mother, I should go to her with all my griefs, as a little child would. I have sometimes thought of asking you to act as mother in the quiet evenings, when I have longed to confide in some one. My mother would have been about your age, I think.

Again there was a vived color in the cheek of the housekeeper, such as is rarely seen in the aged, but it was accompanied by a quiver in the mouth, and ended in a cough, but both mouth and cheek were quickly covered with a handkerchief, and quite a violent fit of coughing succeeded.

Mr. Dayton, however, did not seem to notice, though he had given her one curious glance, instantly withdrawn, and then continued:

"For instance, respecting matrimony, whose advice is of so much value as a mother's? Who so quick to see through character and make a good selection? Had you a son, whom about here would you select as a daughter-in-law, Mrs. Franklin?"

"I am not acquainted with any of the young ladies, Mr. Dayton," she answered.

"True, but you have seen them all, and are, I should judge, a good discerner of character from observation. Whom would you select from those you have seen?" he persisted.

She reddened and paled.

"I have heard the Misses Grandison highly spoken of. Their appearance would seem to prove the truth. I doubt not that you agree with me," she replied quietly.

It was now his turn to color, which he did slightly.

"I do agree with you," he replied emphatically.

It was late in September. Mr. Dayton and the housekeeper were both in the parlor. He had been unusually grave all day. It seemed to the housekeeper that his manner had changed toward her.

"I have a few questions to ask, if you will permit me, Mrs. Franklin?"

She felt instinctive alarm at his tone.

'Certainly," with an effort.

There was an ominous pause.

"I have been told," he said, "that Miss Kate Franklin, a young lady, by disguising herself, palmed herself off upon me several months as an elderly lady. Is there any truth in the story?" looking searchingly at her.

She started to her feet, then trembling sank back into a chair.

"Yes, it is true," she murmured, falteringly.

"I confess I fail to see for what object. My heart you could hardly expect to gain in that character."

"Your heart," she repeated, scornfully. "I had no such laudable ambition; I had never seen or heard of you till I saw your advertisement. Would you like to know for what purpose I took upon me a disguise so repugnant? You shall. To save myself from starvation. I had eaten but one meal a day for a week when I applied to you, and was suffering with hunger then. My money was all gone, except a few pennies, with which to buy a roll of bread for the next day's meal, and I had no prospects of more, for I had been refused further sewing. But why should you find fault?" her pride rising. "What matter if I were Miss or Mrs. Franklin, old or young, if I fulfilled the duties I undertook? Have I not taken good care of your house? Have I not made you comfortable? If I have not, deduct from this quarter's salary, which you paid this morning, whatever you like."

"I have no fault to find, except for placing yourself and me in an awkward position should this become known."

Waves of color mounted to the poor housekeeper's temples. "I thought—I meant, that no one should know, least of all, you—beside, I thought when I engaged to come, that you were married. Oh, what shall I do?" and she burst into a passion of tears.

Mr. Dayton's manner changed.

"Kate! Kate! I did not mean to distress you. Nobody knows but me—nobody shall know." And he soothed her tenderly. "Kate, look up. I love you with my whole heart. I want you to be my little housekeeper—my wife—always. Kate, what do you say?" taking her in his arms and laying his cheek against hers. "My own Kate, is it not?"

She murmured something between her sobs that she must go away this minute.

"Nonsense, darling! Havn't you been here for months? What difference can a day longer make? You are safe with me, Katie. Oh, because I know you are Miss Franklin, will you give me the inexpressible pleasure of hearing that long-silent voice? Oh, Katie, you bewitched me that day. I am afraid you will bewitch me always. But, Kate, let's take off these trappings," untying her cap and removing her gray hair, and with this action down fell the wealth of brown tresses.

"Oh, Mr. Dayton, you were not—surely you were not home that day?" looking up, covered with confusion.

"Yes, Mr. Dayton was—in the library," with an accent on his name which Kate understood.

"Oh, Edward! and you teased me with all those foolish questions when you knew?"

"Yes, my Kate; why not?"

"But you looked so innocent?"

He laughed. "I shall soon, I hope, have somebody, if not a mother, to confide in; and, Kate, it is my duty and pleasure to give you a husband, so in future you can answer without so much pain when he is inquired after."

"You are too generous."

"I can afford to be generous," he said, earnestly, "when I have had the precious gift of your love. Kate, blest forever be the day when I first engaged my housekeeper."

Farmer Brown's Story.

A Terilling Tale of Real Life.

I have no words for her sweetness; I can't describe her; perhaps, were I to do so, or even could I place her picture before you, you might not see her as I did and do. Every eye makes its own beauty, and to me she was more beautiful than any other living creature. Nellie Brodie, I mean lovely Nellie Brodie, whose father was the sexton of our church, a good old man, but prosy and prone to tell one or two good stories about ghosts, proved not to be ghosts after all, whenever one met him. Many and many a time have I listened to them out in his little porch, of a summer's night, with the moon bright above us, and mysterious chirps and cries in the bushes, and the smell of the evening primroses growing far sweeter and sweeter, and Nellie still as quiet as a mouse, sitting with folded hands between us.

We are busy folks enough by day; but we idled away the long summer evenings together, and thought no harm of it. It is good to be idle sometimes, in that happy sort of way, and to tell the truth, I like it. No man could say I neglected my duty; a better farm no man ever had, and larger crops none gathered, and no starved cattle grazed in my medows. As for my dairy—but that was sister Jane's doing. A good house, and a pretty bright-eyed girl with a warm heart and a laugh that seemed to be catching. Together we two were, and we were fond of each other,

I never told her I liked Nellie Bodine, but I did not hide it from her. Nellie and she were great friends. Over and over again I tried to find out from Jennie what she said about me—Nellie, I mean—but the girl would never let a word slip out. A true woman hides another woman's secrets; I knew that and I built on it.

"For," said I to myself, "if Nellie disliked me, Jennie would give me a hint, sister-like, and save me from mortification. Either she knows nothing, or she knows Nellie likes me."

After that, I may say I courted Nellie. She knew I loved her, and I'm sure of that; even if I had not said so out and out, she could not help knowing it.

But there were other young men in the place, of course, and many willing enough to listen to old Brodie's stories for the sake of looking at his daughter; and many a jealous pang I had in those days, for Nellie had the same pretty, kindly ways to all, and the same smile for every one.

I used to think that "no" from Nellie's lips would go straight through my heart like a bullet, and I found it hard to risk the hearing of it. She must say it to all but one of us, and I was not so handsome as one, and not so witty as another, and not so rich as a third. think I never knew how plain I was though, until I had my photograph taken one day by a man who had a gallery in the village. I thought at first he must have made too much of my mouth and too little of my eyes; but he showed me plainly that the machine must take a good likeness, because it was a machine that couldn't make a mistake. I took the things home and put them in a drawer and showed them to nobody; but they took the little vanity I had out of me, though I kept saying over and over again, "What do looks matter for a man?"

I'd meant, you see, to give Nellie one for her album, but I thought if I looked like that it was best not. I've heard other people speak of the same feelings since, in regard to photographers; and I am not sure now that they were always perfect.

Waiting and watching, hoping and fearing, I let the time slip by; and winter came with its frost and snow, and old Mr. Brodie told his stories by the fire, instead of on the porch; and the lamplight fell on Nellie's yellow hair, as she sat knitting, making the prettiest picture you ever saw; and I made up my mind to put my fate to the test before Christmas, but didn't. You see when a young fellow is in love he loses courage. But one thing I vowed—Nellie should take a sleigh ride with me.

Tom Armstrong had said—I had heard him—that he meant to drive the prettiest cutter, the prettiest pair of horses, and the prettiest girl in New Bridge. He meant Nellie by the prettiest girl. His turn-out might be what he chose, but Nellie should never go with him—she should go with me.

The snow fell fast, and by morning you could see nothing for miles around but great white drifts, though the sky had grown as clear as though it had been summer. I called for Nellie in the afternoon, and she was ready, and away we went. She looked charming, with her rosy cheeks and bright eyes and sunny hair; and I was happier than ever I had been in my life.

Going out of the village, we met Tom Armstrong, with his splendid cutter. He looked daggers at us both—or at least I thought; and he went, as I heard afterwards, to invite Sue Nichols to ride with him. As he drove out of sight, I made up my mind to ask the question that would settle everything on our way home.

Man proposes and Heaven disposes. Things happened that evening that I had not thought of. We were going back, in the moonlight, when I put my hand on Nellie's and made her turn her eyes towards me.

"I have been trying to say something to you for a long while," I said. "Perhaps you guess what it is."

But before I could utter another word my horses became frightened at something and away they went like mad things. Nellie clung to me and screamed. I did my best to stop them, but they left the road entirely and took their road across a field, and striking against a stump the snow had hidden, the sleigh was overturned, and we were thrown out together.

I was not hurt, but Nellie lay insensible. I lifted her in my arms and clasped her to my bosom, and begged her to open her eyes and speak one word to me. But she was like one dead; and in my terror I dared not take her home. I carried her, instead, to my sister, who, frightened half out of her senses, came to meet me. She took Nellie in an inner room and bade me bring a doctor; and he was there soon.

I spent an hour of agony, such as I had never felt before; but at last Jennie came to me, all smiles.

"There is no danger," she said. "She has come to herself; she only fainted from fright. You haven't killed her, or even hurt her much, you foolish boy."

And I burst into tears. Jennie bent over me.

"But to think that she should be so sly," she said. "A gentleman's portrait in her bosom all this while, and not a word to me of it! I'll punish her for it now."

And away she ran back to Nellie, but my tears were all dried up, and my heart was gall. She was engaged to some one else, this girl who was so dear to me. Some one has been before me, and she wore his portrait next to her heart. Fool that I was not to guess it.

I never asked whose portrait it was—Tom Armstrong's or Jack Mayden's—I did not care. When Nellie was well enough to go, in the course of an hour or two, I drove her home and bade her good-bye.

I said:—"I regret that I should have been the means of alarming you so, Miss Brodie."

And she looked up into my face with her great blue eyes, and said: "It was not your fault; you could not help it. It was so foolish to faint away."

And I thought to myself, "what deceitful creatures women are!" for the looks she gave me was as sweet as if she had not worn another man's portrait in her bosom.

A week from that day I went to New York, and sought out an old ship owner, who had been my father's friend.

"I'm tired of farming," I said, "and want to try the sea as a common sailor."

The old man would have laughed me out of the notion; but when he found me firm, he gave me what help he could.

I went on board a vessel bound for China, and wrote to sister Jennie, telling her to send for Uncle William and his wife to manage the farm, which I knew they would be glad to do; but I never told her where I was or what I had done. I meant, you see, to throw myself away, and be heard of no more by any one. Of course I was mad for the time; that is the only excuse for me.

So I led the sort of life, one in the merchant service leads—no very pleasant one I can tell you—for a year or two. I grew no better for it, and no happier. The other men had mostly some one at home—mother or sister, wife or sweetheart—to get a message from at times. I, of my own act, had no one. And all the while, at work or at mess, or in the hours when watch was kept on deck, I thought of Nellie; saw her as she looked when she sat by her father's side in the summer moonlight; saw her with the firelight on her golden hair, beside the winter hearth; saw her smiling up at me as we whirled through the snow drifts that last bright day, and saw her as she lay like a dead thing in my arms. And fancy painted other pictures. I saw her as Tom Armstrong's wife. I saw her—oh, good Heavens!—with his children on her knee!

I am not sure but that I should have turned idiot, had not something happened to alter the circumstances in my position. This was nothing else than the total wreck of our vessel, and my narrow escape from drowning, but with an arm broken by the falling of a spar. For a month I lay on a sick bed; and then, with a softened heart and a feeling that I was sick of the sea, I went home to sister Jennie, to be a farmer again, if I could.

In these two years she had never had a line from me. Not an angry word did she give me, but ran into my arms and wept on my bosom like a child; and she showed me the wedding ring on her finger, and the baby lying asleep in the cradle, and told me whose wife she was.

She was Mrs. Tom Armstrong, and I had never guessed they liked each other.

"And I'm as happy as the day is long," she said, "only fretting about you. How could you go away so Ned? If you did not think of my feelings, you might have remembered Nellie Brodie's."

"Nellie Brodie's feelings!" I cried. "Nellie Brodie's! Dont laugh at me, Jennie."

"Laugh at you!" she cried. "Laugh at you, my dear! I haven't thought of it. Did you quarrel that night? It must have been a quarrel, I think. Whose fault was it, yours or hers?"

"Miss Brodie and I never had a quarrel," I said.

"Oh, Ned," she resumed, softly, "don't try to hide it from me, when I saw your portrait in her bosom. I told you so, I know, and thought it was all settled and was so glad."

I started up and caught Jennie's wrist. "My portrait?" I cried.

"Why, Ned, Ned, don't look at me so," screamed Jennie; "what does it all mean? Your portrait, of course; one of those photographs you had taken—I found the rest after you went away. Oh, Ned, don't look so, dear?"

"I thought you told me she wore another man's picture," I said. "That drove me away; that and nothing else Oh, what a wretched fool I've been! I did not know she had my picture; and I might have cast her away! I, who loved her so, and have pined for her all these years!"

But Jennie, dear Jennie, with her kind motherly face, and loving woman's eyes, came close to me, and put her arms around my neck, and whispered, "Don't despair, Ned, she has never liked any one else, and I know for certain that she wears your picture still.

And those words brought my youth back to me; and the years seemed blotted out, and I was the Ned Brown, who fell in love with Nellie Brodie, once more.

Well, Jennie told the truth; I went to see Nellie Brodie, and found her sweet and beautiful as ever; and we were married when the spring came and the birds began to build their nests in the green orchard. Afterwards, when she had been my wife for some time, Nellie told me, under those very apple trees, how she had found my picture one day when no one saw her, and worn it afterwards for love of me—worn it and wept over it while I was far away, trying to forget her—trying, but never succeeding; for the love I had for Nellie Brodie was part of my life, and will be, I believe, part of the eternity, where, when death severs us here, we shall be reunited.

Danbury Family Scene.

[From the Danbury News.]

A family of some pretensions, living on Nelson street, had a party of five to tea, Thursday evening. The table was set out in fine style, and it was absolutely necessary to show them that folks could live in a village like Danbury, and yet understand the requirements of good society. When they were all at the table, and the lady was preparing to dish up the tea, her little son, whose face shone like the knees of a country clergyman's pants, pulled her secretly by the dress. But she was too busy to notice. He pulled her again, but receiving no response, he whispered:

"Ma, ma?"

"What is it?"

"Ain't this one of Miss Perry's knives?" holding up the article in his hand, and looking, as he properly should, very much gratified by such an evidence of his discernment.

She made no reply in words, but she gave him a look that was calculated to annihilate him.

The tea was dished out and the party were preparing to butter their biscuit, when the youth suddenly whispered again, looking at his plate with a pleased expression,

"Why, ma, my plate is different from the others."

"Thomas," she ejaculated under her breath.

"Why, it is, ma," persisted Thomas.

"Now, just see here. This plate has—"

"Thomas!" again ejaculated his mother, with crimsoned face, while his father assumed a frown nearly an inch thick, "if you don't let your victuals stop your mouth I'll send you away from the table."

This quited Thomas at once. He was not a very particular boy, and he concluded that the difference in plates was not of such moment as to admit of tedious argument at this time.

Several minutes passed without any further interruption. The young man industriously attended to his food, but at the same time kept a close eye on what was going on around him. He was lifting up his cup for a sip, when his glance unfortunately fell upon the saucer. It was but a glance, but with the keenness of a young eye he saw that the two were not originally designed for each other.

"Why, ma," he eagerly whispered, "this cup don't belong to—"

Then he suddenly stopped. The expression of his mother's face actually rendered him speechless, and for a moment he applied himself to his meal in depressed silence, but he was young and of an elastic temper, and he soon recovered his beaming expression. A little later he observed a lady opposite him putting a spoon of preserved grapes in her mouth. Then he twitched his mother's dress and said again:

"Ma?"

The unhappy woman shivered at the sound, but his remark this time appeared to be on an entirely different subject, as he asked,

"Ain't Miss Walker a funny woman."

"Funny?" said his mother, with a sigh of relief. And then turning to the company with the explanation, "Mrs. Walker is an old lady who lives across the way," she smiled on her hopeful son and asked, "What makes you think she is funny?"

"Why, you know—you know," began Thomas in that rapid, moist way which an only son assumes when he is imparting information before company, in response to a cordial invitation, "when I went over there this afternoon to get the spoons, she said she hoped the company wouldn't bite 'em, as it would dent—"

"Thomas!" shrieked the unhappy mother, as soon as she could break in.

"Young man," gasped the father, "leave the table at once."

And Thomas left at once. His father subsequently followed him, and the two met in a back room, and had both been flying express trains coming together, there could scarcely have been more noise."

[Reported by W. B. Rankin, but condensed for publication.]

Proceedings of the Centre County Teachers's Institute, which Convened in Reynolds' Hall, Bellefonte, on Tuesday Morning, December 28th, 1875.

CONTINUED FROM LAST WEEK.

After some further intercourse of thought between Messrs. Rupert, Heinle, Kinse and Beard, the discussion closed.

Report on course of study for common schools, by R. M. Magee. He outlined the subject just into three grand leading essentials. 1st, Manners and morals; 2d, Spelling; 3rd, Reading. Secondary to these the other ordinary branches, including Algebra, History, Physiology, Hygiene and Vocal Music. Exercise the school on outline maps. Time your work and conduct your recitations with spirit. Introduce new ideas. Study the disposition of your pupils. If you best succeed in keeping good order by having your pupils walk on tip-toe, require them to do so. Be strict in discipline, correct faults promptly but not harshly, be always pleasant, do not scold. Correct errors publicly before the school, to let the school know the error is corrected. Banish the 5th reader from your schools, four readers are enough. Reading is identically the same as declamation and should so be taught. He urged the necessity of outline maps and closed by advertising a series of maps which he as agent, had there on exhibition.

THURSDAY AFTERNOON.

What are the benefits of District Superintendency?

Mr. Gramley—The County Superintendent cannot visit all the schools in proper season to accomplish the greatest amount of good. If he does not reach a school till the last week of its session it will not be of much benefit to the school. For this reason we should have a district superintendency. The directors should employ a good teacher as district superintendent, making it his duty to visit the schools and make a monthly report to county superintendent.

Prof. Beard then took up "Language Lessons" in his usual elaborate, earnest and telling manner, giving many valuable suggestions.

How do you teach punctuation? Answered by Mr. Krise.

Would there be any benefit in the establishment of local Institutes in different parts of the county?

F. P. Hoy answered by reading report of H. K. Hoy on the subject, advocating such meetings.

Prof's Beard, Krise, Meyer, J. L. Spangler and D. S. Keller, Esq., Messrs. Rupert and C. C. Shultz, also participated in the subject.

Mr. Krise offered the following:

Resolved, That a committee of five teachers, with the county superintendent as chairman, be appointed to report a course of study at our next institute.

Adopted. Chair appointed Messrs. Krise, Lucas, Gramley and Mrs. Bella Given.

Mr. Gramley offered the following:

Resolved, That a committee of five teachers be appointed to organize Local Institues in different parts of the county

Adopted. The chair appointed the same committee as under the previous resolution.

WHAT ACTION SHOULD THE CENTRE COUNTY TEACHERS TAKE IN REGARD TO THE CENTENNIAL.

J. L. Spangler assented to a request to open the discussion. He said:

They ask that the teachers of the State do what they can to help the Department in making proper exhibition. Educators say in their lectures that the common schools are the crowning idea of the interests of the State, and I would like to know what you are going to do to represent this crowning glory in the great exhibition. (Here the speaker read a few extracts from State Superintendent's pamphlet on the subject.) Centre county claims the credit of having the first county Institute in the State. If it is true, the fact should be presented to the Department to be put on exhibition. I don't know whether they will expect you to send your photographs—you had better not, though you might send the photograph of your County Superintendent. There will be many historical facts not found in Martindales History.

Mr. Rupert suggested that the Centre County Institute not only send their photographs there, but would convene there to show what it can do.

Prof. Meyer suggested that specimens of writing and drawing be sent from each school to him, to select the best and forward to the Department.

Adjourned.

THURSDAY EVENING.

Singing by the club.

Prof. Shaffer, of Lancaster, then entertained the audience with his very interesting, amusing and instructive lecture, on "German University Life." He described the appearance of the surroundings, buildings, arrangements, apparatus, etc., of these institutions. The customs and habits of the students, their clubs, the rules of dueling, ets., giving many of their significant German phrases with the English translation also. The audience showed their high appreciation by their marked attention and a hearty applause.

Deputy State Supt., Prof. Currry, being present, was called upon. In his response he took up the topic, "The Model School." This world, he said, is the model school, and the Supreme Being the model teacher. He drew many beautiful, grand, sublime figures. To give an adequate idea of which would require more words than would be admissible in this report.

FRIDAY MORNING.

Opened with prayer by Prof. Kinse—Singing—"Chide Mildly the Erring," and "Pass Me not."

WHAT APPARATUS SHOULD A TEACHER PROCURE AT HIS OWN EXPENSE IF NOT FURNISHED BY DIRECTORS?

Prof. Curry—I think in every school there should be a great big Bible, Concordance, Biblical Dictionary. Second to that book I would put a Webster's Unabridged Dictionary. Have public entertainments, charging a small admission fee and apply the proceeds to the buying of apparatus not otherwise furnished. The teacher should be a missionary. He must have a missionary spirit, and by exercising it properly make the pupils and directors willing to support him and then furnish the desired apparatus.

Mr. Kinse concurred.

Mr. E. B. Hosterman—The Centre county teachers take so little interest in this entire work that they will not take interest enough to take these steps to bring about these results; I feel that they are falling back, lacking in interest both in their schools and in the Institute work. Let us look up to the example of other counties around us. Let us work. This is my first opportunity of speaking to this Institute, because I could not get here sooner. I am sorry I could not be here on Tuesday and all the session.

Prof. Heinle—I must take just the opposite view in regard to our Institute and our teachers. We have been working and so far as I know, we, as Centre county teachers, can not look up to other counties around us for precedents but can rather look down upon them.

Further remarks by Messrs. Meese, Hosterman and Kinse.

Supt. Meyer—In visiting schools I find teachers who have no pen, no paper, no books in the school room and no maps nor globes. It will pay the teacher, financially, to invest a little money in outline maps and a small globe. It will show that he is in earnest in the work and he will not need to apply for the school as the school will apply for him.

Election and a short recess.

Singing—One piece by the class and a song (solo), "Golden Locks are Silver now."

Prof. Beard then resumed School Government. The two factors of School Government are the governor and the governed. He governs best who *seems* to govern least. Better take pains to prevent bad conduct than to punish it. He outlined the subject, teachers' qualifications and duties. Under the former, 1st, Personal Prevention; 2nd, Official Correction. Moral: instsuction should be used as a preventive to bad conduct, not as a sermon. But for instance, if you find a little boy that tells lies, give him a lesson on the particular vice of lying. Better give this lesson privately. Take the Bible as the great text book on morals. He compared the school to a government, in which the teacher is the legislator, the judge and the executive, all and gave directions as to how he should proceed in each official capacity.

Election reports as follows:

Vice Presidents, J. W. Gunsallus and Rose Woods.

Secretary—C. L. Gramly.

Treasurer—Michael Shires.

Committee on Permanent Certificates—W. C. Heinle, J. C. Harper, D. L. Zerby, C. L. Gramly, Sophie Keller.

FRIDAY AFTERNOON.

Opened with prayer by Prof. Beard—Singing—"March of the Six Hundred."

"Pronouncing Bee," conducted by Prof. Beard. This was very interesting and many knotty words were "dissected."

WHAT ARE THE BEST AND CHEAPEST MEANS AT THE HANDS OF THE CENTRE COUNTY TEACHERS FOR THEIR PROFESSIONAL IMPROVEMENTS.

Mr. Hosterman recommended the State College and State Normal Schools. They are good but can be made better:—should be made a teacher's school. Ladies and gentlemen should fit themselves before going to these schools so that they need not study geography, etc. They should go there to receive instruction in the practical part, that will come up in our every day practice in the school room. The best school is the cheapest school, and the one I mentioned is the teachers' school.

Discussion closed.

Roll of Members.

BELLEFONTE.

W C Heinle	Miss Mary Nesbitt
W R Baker	" Sallie Caldwell
Miss Rosa A Woods	" Bella Rankin
" L L Graham	Mrs Bella Given
" A McCaffrey	Ed H Butler

BENNER TWP.

Harvey Meese	G M Noll
Bigler Meek	E D Noll
J L Dunlap	C Bathgate
G F Johnstonbaugh	John D Miller

BOGGS TWP.

J C Weaver	H C Shuey
Elias Hancock	A E Garbrick
Joseph A Rodgers	W E Meek
F P Hoy	Miss Ammerman
E A Boalick	

CURTIN TWP.

A A Pletcher

FARMERS MILLS AND DIST.

Samuel K Emrick

FURGUSON TWP.

I B Ward	F A Foreman
A G Archey	B F Homan
T G Archey	C J Bloom
C S Dannley	F S McCoy
A E Johnston	L C Thomas
Miss Em Shadman	Miss Sue Dannley

GREGG TWP.

William Fahrion	A C Ripka

HAINES TWP.

J B Lee	Miss Julia A Wolf

HALF MOON TWP.

Miss Julia C Barnhart

HARRIS TWP.

W L Forster	A D Wirtz
Miss S C Keller	Miss Sallie T Barr
" Nora Osman	

HOWARD TWP.

Reuben Pletcher	A A Buck
Miss —— Harris	

HOWARD BOROUGH.

John Coolidge	Adam B Keiser

HUSTON TWP.

Robt E Cambridge

LIBERTY TWP.

J S Lucas	W S Hall
D B Pleicher	John C Bechdel
Miss Jennie Hunter	Miss F Gardner
" L Forseman	Miss Ella Hall
" M Sperring	

MARION TWA.

H J Keister	N H Gingrich
Robt Loder	Mrs E R Campbell

MILESBURG BOROUGH.

Miss J Morrison	Mrs G Perkins

MILES TWP.

C L Gramly

PATTON TWP.

J C Thompson	J S Wait
G A Hershberger	Miss Annie Kaup

PENN TWP.

D L Zerby	A J Rishel
A N Runkle	G W Keen

POTTER TWP.

W A Krise	Michael Shires
A S Strohm	Wm Keller
Geo F Arney	W F Osman
C W Stahl	H B Kilborn
Z B Krise	F M Burkholder
E B Hosterman	Miss J McCormick
Miss Aggie Murray	

PHILIPSBURG BOROUGH.

F W A Schultz	Miss Jennie Shontz

RUSH TWP.

W P Harpster	C C Schultz
F A Meek	J C Dale
Miss C B Lukens	Miss Lizzie Light
" M V Sankey	" Clara Bilger

SNOW SHOE TWP.

Ellis Lytle	J W Bean

SPRING TWP.

Jacob D Miller	J E Williams
J C Harper	G P Gentzel
E C Wood	W Gephart
J W Gunsallus	Thomp Barnhart
F P Lonbarger	T R Sheffler
Miss J I Tibbens	

TAYLOR TWP.

Miss Lucy Barnhart

UNIONVILLE BOROUGH.

Miss —— Huey

UNION TWP.

Geo W Forney	Jas A Feidler
Geo Fugates	Miss K D Osmen

WALKER TWP.

T B Rupert	Ed Twitmire
David Brown	L C Rerick
J M Zimmerman	

WORTH TWP.

Dorsey Gingry	M F Fleming

OTHER MEMBERS.

W A Tobias	Miss Ellie J Rate
L Z Thomas	" Sarah Righter
D J Mitterling	" Mary Morgan
G W Rishel	" Beck McGinley
Titus Gramly	" Sallie Schultz
Wm McCool	" Ella Levi
Robt Tibbens	" Mary S Evans
Wm Rupert	" Lillie Adams
Miss E M Fleck	" Alice Martin
" Sallie Moore	" M Ammerman
" A Hardsock	" Abbie Rankin
D B Pletcher	" S Zimmerman
Miss S J Meek	" H E Williams
" Jennie Barnes	" Sallie Moore
" M W Roan	

HONORARY MEMBERS.

Prof G P Beard	D S Keller Esq
" Robt Curry	W F Reber "
" D M Wolf	A Williams "
" N C Shaffer	D F Fortney "
" J F Reamer	J F Potter "
Hon A G Curtin	Jas H Rankin "
" J H Orvis	Joe W Furey
J L Spangler Esq	Clement Dale
R M Magee "	A A Dale
John G Love "	Samuel Gramly
D H Hastings "	Wm Shortlidge
H Y Stitzer "	Dr J C McEntire

A large number of Directors were also in attendance, whose names we cannot publish for want of space.

Miscellaneous.

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CHICAGO, ILL.

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LEMONT, CENTRE CO., PA.

v6n1-1y

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W. M. P. WILSON, Attorney at Law, Bellefonte Pa. Office in Mrs. Benner's Building, Bellefonte Pa. v6n1-1y

A. O. FURST, Attorney-at-Law, office on High Street, corner of Diamond, second door from First National Bank. 6-1-tf

E. BLANCHARD. E. M. BLANCHARD.

E. & E. M. BLANCHARD, Attorneys-at-Law, Allegheny street, Bellefonte, Pa. v6-1-1y.

D. S. KELLER, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Office North-west corner of Brockerhoff House, next door to Centre County Banking Co. 5-17-1y

D. F. FORTNEY, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Special attention given to the collection of claims. Office over Reynolds & Co 's Bank. v6n1-1y.

JOHN H. ORVIS. C. T. ALEXANDER. C. M. BOWERS.

ORVIS, ALEXANDER & BOWERS, Attorneys-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Office in Garman's building, opposite Court House. 6-1

BUSH, YOCUM & HASTINGS, Attorneys at Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Office north-east corner of the Diamond, opposite First National Bank 7-1-1y

STITZER & MAGEE, Attorney's at law. Office on Allegheny St., over Reynolds' bank, Bellefonte, Pa. May be consulted in English or German.

JOHN I. IRWIN, Attorney-at-law. Office North side of Diamond, Bellefonte, Pa. Collections carefully attended to, and remittances promply made.

JOHN F. POTTER, Attorney at Law, Bellefonte, Pa. oct27'70-tf.

J. G. LOVE, Attorney at Law, Bellefonte, Pa Office on High St. ja4'71-tf.

Physicians and Dentists.

EDWIN S. DORWORTH, M. D., Physician and Surgeon. Office at his residence, on south side of Diamond, two doors above Garman's hotel. Calls promptly attended day or night. 6-14-tf

DR. J. W. RHONE, Dentist, has permanently located in Bellefonte, and may be found at all times at his office (and residence) in the "Turner Building," on Allegheny st., first door North of Wilson & Hicks' Hardware store. 7-13-tf

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6-8-tf Central City, Centre co., Pa.

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MEN'S SUITS—varying in price from	$6 to $40 00
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OVER COATS—every grade	At cost
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as well as

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of any grade, will be kept constantly on hand. His prices will be made to suit

THE TIMES

and he will guarantee the fullest satisfaction to every customer.

☞ Polite and accommodating clerks will take pleasure in showing you the goods.

vol7no7-1y Nos. 1 & 2, BUSH'S ARCADE

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PENNSYLVANIA RAIL ROAD—PHILADELPHIA & ERIE R. R. DIVISION, connection with BALD EAGLE VALLEY R. R

WINTER TIME TABLE.

On and after SUNDAY, NOV. 21, 1875, the Trains on the Philadelphia & Erie Rail Road Division will run as follows:

WESTWARD.

FAST LINE leaves New York		9 25 a. m.	
" " Philadelphia		12. 55 p. m.	
" " Baltimore		1. 2 p. m.	
" " Harrisb'g		5.00 p. m.	
" " arr. at Williamsp't		8.35 p. m.	
" " Lock Haven		10.20 p. m.	
" " " Bellefonte		11.50 p. m.	
ERIE MAIL leaves New York		8.25 p. m.	
" " Philadelphia		11.55 p. m.	
" " Baltimore		2.00 p. m.	
" " Harrisburg		4.25 a. m.	
" " Williamsport		8.35 a. m.	
" " Loca Haven		9.45 a. m.	
" " Renovo		11.05 a. m.	
" " arr. at Erie		7.50 p. m.	
LIMITED MAIL leaves Philada		7.20 a. m.	
" " " Baltimore		7.30 a. m.	
" " " Harrisb'g		10.45 a. m.	
" " arr. at Williamsp't		2.20 p. m.	
" " " Lock Haven		3.30 p. m.	
" " " Renovo		4.45 p. m.	
LOCK HAVEN ACCOM. leaves Philada		8.00 a. m.	
" " " Baltimore		8.30 a. m.	
" " " Harrisburg		1.25 p. m.	
" " arr. at Williamsport		6.10 p. m.	
" " " Lock Haven		7.30 p. m.	

EASTWARD.

PHILA. EXPRESS leaves Lock Haven		6.40 a. m.	
" " " Williamsp't		7.55 a. m.	
" " arr. at Harrisb'g		11.55 a. m.	
" " " Baltimore		6.15 p. m.	
" " " Philadelphia		4.20 p. m.	
" " " New York		7.35 p. m.	
DAY EXPRESS leaves Bellefonte		8.10 a. m.	
" " " Renovo		9.10 a. m.	
" " " Lock Haven		10 25 a. m.	
" " " Williamsport		11.35 a. m.	
" " arr at Harrisburg		3.00 p. m.	
" " " Philadelphia		6.20 p. m.	
" " " New York		9.15 p. m.	
" " " Baltimore		6.35 p. m.	
ERIE MAIL leaves Erie		11. 20 a. m.	
" " *Bellefonte		8. 2 p. m.	
" " Renovo		8.25 p. m.	
" " Lock Haven		9.45 p. m.	
" " Williamsp't		10.50 p. m.	
" arr. at Harrisburg		2.30 a. m.	
" " Baltimore		7.35 a. m.	
" " Phila		7.00 a. m.	
" " New York		10.10 a. m.	
FAST LINE leaves Williamsport		12.35 a. m.	
" " arr at Harrisburg		3.55 a. m.	
" " " Baltimore		7.35 a. m.	
" " " Philadelphia		7.35 a. m.	
" " " New York		10.25 a. m.	

* The Bald Eagle Valley Express leaves Bellefonte at 8.22 p. m. and connects with Erie Mail at Lock Haven at 9.45 p. m.

Erie Mail west, Limited Mail West, Lock Haven Accom. west and Day Express east make close connection at Northumberland with L. & B. R. R. trains for Wilkesbarre and Scranton.

Erie Mail west, Limited Mail west and Fast Line west make close connection at Williamsport with N. C. R. W. trains north.

Erie Mail east and west, Limited Mail west, Fast Line west and Day Express east make close connection at Lock Haven with B. E. V. R. R. trains.

Erie Mail east and west connect at Erie with trains on L. S. & M. S. R. R. at Corry with O. C. & A. V. R. R., at Emporium with B. N. Y. & P. R. R., and at Driftwood with A. V. R. R.

Parlor Cars will run between Philadelphia and Williamsport on Limited Mail west, Fast Line west, Philadelphia Express east and Day Express east. Sleeping Cars on all night trains.

WM. A. BALDWIN,
Gen'l Sup.

BALD EAGLE VALLEY DIVISION.

STATIONS.	MLS.	Mail. A.M.	Exs. P.M
Leave Tyrone		8 50	6 45
East Tyrone	1	8 57	6 52
Bald Eagle	5	8 46	7 01
Hannah	10	8 58	7 14
Port Matilda	14	9 05	7 23
Martha	17	9 13	7 33
Julian	21	9 22	7 44
Unionville	26	9 33	7 56
Snow Shoe Intersection	29	9 41	8 06
Milesburg	31	9 45	8 10
Arrive Bellefonte	33	9 54	8 19
Leave Bellefonte	33	9 57	8 22
Milesburg	31	10 10	8 35
Curtin	34	10 22	8 45
Mount Eagle	37	10 29	8 52
Howard	40	10 38	9 02
Eagleville	44	10 52	9 13
Beech Creek	46	10 57	9 18
Mill Hall	51	11 12	9 33
Flemington	52	11 17	9 37
Arrive Lock Haven	55	11 22	9 42
RETURN.			
Leave Lock Haven	0	9 55	3 15
Flemington	3	10 00	3 21
Mill Hall	4	10 04	3 27
Beech Creek	9	10 19	3 40
Eagleville	11	10 24	3 45
Howard	15	10 38	4 00
Mount Eagle	18	10 47	4 09
Curtin	21	10 54	4 15
Milesburg	24	11 05	4 25
Arrive Bellefonte	26	11 18	4 38
Leave Bellefonte	26	11 21	4 41
Milesburg	24	11 30	4 50
Snow Shoe Intersection	26	11 34	4 54
Unionville	29	11 45	5 04
Julian	34	11 57	5 15
Martha	38	12 08	5 26
Port Matilda	41	12 18	5 35
Hannah	45	12 28	5 44
Bald Eagle	50	12 43	5 58
Vail	52	12 48	6 03
East Tyrone	54	12 53	6 08
Arrive Tyrone	55	1 00	6 15

BELLEFONTE & SNOW SHOE R. R.

Leave Bellefonte	8 10	A.M.	2 25 P.M.
Arrive at Snow Shoe	10 40		5 35
Leave Snow Shoe	9 10		2 25
Arrive at Bellefonte	12 10	P.M.	5 10

The 9 10 from Snow Shoe intersects with the Bald Eagle Express, going west, at Snow Shoe Intersection.

The train leaving Snow Shoe at 2.25 intersects with the Bald Eagle mail west at Milesburg.

DANIEL RHOADS, Supt.

LEWISTOWN DIVISION.

MIFFLIN & CENTRE—EASTWARD.

	Accom. No. 1.	Accom. No. 2.	Accom. No. 3.
LEWISTOWN Ju	6 50 a m	12 01 p m	4 10 p m
LEWISTOWN	7 10	12 07	4 16
Logan	7 25	12 16	4 24
Yeagertown P	7 33	12 21	4 28
Mann's P	7 44	12 28	4 35
Reedsville	7 52	12 33	4 39
Honey Creek P	8 10	12 44	4 49
Naginy P	8 20	12 50	4 55
MILROY, Arrive	8 30 a m	12 55 p m	5 00 p m

Returning leave Milroy at 8 30 a. m., 1 20 p. and 5 15 p.m; Reedsville at 9 11 a. m., 2 00 and 5 36 p. m., arriving at Lewistown at 9 40 a. m., 2 35 and 6 05 p. m.

The Mifflin and Centre and Sunbury and Lewistown connect at Lewistown with way passenger and fast lines west, and mail and Cincinnati express east; and at Sunbury with trains on Northern Central, Phila. & Erie, and Hazleton.

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7-46 HUMES NEW BLOCK.

BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN

EDWARD T. TUTEN, EDITOR.

Terms: $2.00 Per Annum in Advance

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FOR SUBSCRIPTION AND ADVERTISING.

The BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN is published every WEDNESDAY MORNING, in Bellefonte Pa. by

EDWARD T. TUTEN,

the following rates.

One year in advance.....$2.00
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Four inches	11 00	17 00	25 00
Quarter column	12 00	20 00	30 00
Half column	20 00	35 00	55 00
One column	35 00	55 00	125 00

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Bellefonte, Pa

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We have made arrangements with the following publishers so that we can furnish their publications with the REPUBLICAN at reduced rates, thus affording those who desire such books and papers, an opportunity to save from twenty to thirty per cent.

There is no postage to be paid by the subscriber, but no paper will be sent until the money is received at this office:

	Regular Price	Price with Republican
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Harper's Magazine	$4.00	$5.25
Scribner's Monthly	4.00	5.25
St. Nicholas	3.00	4.50
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Locke's National Monthly	1.00	2.80
American Farm Journal	1.00	2.60
Peterson's Journal	3.00	4.50
The Republic	2.00	3.60
Penn Monthly	3.00	3.75
Woods' Household Magazine	1.00	2.75
WEEKLY.		
Harper's Weekly	4.00	5.25
Harper's Bazar	4.00	5.25
Forney's Press	2.00	3.60
Toled Weekly Blade	2.00	3.50
Scientific American	3.20	4.75
American Agriculturist	1.60	3.20
Cincinnati Weekly Times	2.60	3.65.

☞ We can furnish any weekly or monthly, publication in the United States at less than publisher's prices.

OUR ASSOCIATED PRESS LETTER.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 17, 1876.

THE CENTENNIAL.

New England having contributed a couple of dollars or so towards the Great Exhibition, and the president of the Centennial Commission—salary $10,000 per annum—the land of steady habits has devised a plan whereby she can get her money back again. Yankee enterprise does it in this way: A log house is to be erected, in one end of which will be, on a large scale, the kitchen of a new England farmer, about the period that Israel Putman performed some wonderful feats of equestrianism; at the opposite end of the cabin will be a kitchen of the present period, with all the most modern appliances for broiling a chop, making lobster salad or any other compound concoction of culinary artists. Each kitchen will have six beautiful female cooks, the 1776 girls will be dressed in homespun, the others in the quite fashionable costume of Bridget of 1876. A dinner will be served daily, to a limited number of guests—say at five dollars per man per dinner; those who want cold pork and molasses, or hot pork and cabbage, corn bread, rye coffee, etc., can obtain them at the homespun end, where the cooking is to all be done in a huge open fireplace. If the epicure wants to dine on fish en Matelotte, steak a la Soyer, cutlets a la Brochette, braized beef a la Francaise, turkey a la Anglaise or terapin a la Claremonte, he must go to the 1876 end of that cabin.

As the keeper of the restuarant pays $10,000 for the privilege of giving a hungry man a fifty-cent dinner and charging him $2 50 for it within the exhibition grounds, and as this New England kitchen pays nothing for the privilege of humbugging us out of our ducats, I confess that the "Yanks" have displayed a sharp trick on our Commissioners. As the 1776 girls are to wear short gowns reaching to where the garter used to be worn, I really regret that unattractive brown and gray woolen stockings are to be worn; how much more patriotic would be those red and white striped hose, with stars at the top, now so fashionable in the city where Gov. Curtin resides.

A number of Japanese houses are now on their way here; they will be erected without the sound of hammer being heard, no nails being used in their erection. 300 bundles of bamboo have arrived from China; from this cane the Chinese make almost everything, from a temple to a toy.

Things are far from peaceful in the Womans' Centennial Committee. One lady wanted to exhibit the style of costumes worn from 1776 down to this time, and Mrs. Gillespie, president of the committee, will not have any such old "trumpery" in her new pavilion. The would-be exhibitor of antiquated costumes threatens to appeal to Director Goshorn, and the batchelor director threatens to resign if the women don't quit flaunting their habilments under his official nose.

By all who have given the question proper consideration it is conceded that at least three millions of people will visit the Centennial city during the six months the exhibition is open. As there will be 150 working days in which to carry passengers, it will require transportation companies to provide conveyance for a daily average of about 40,000 persons—20,000 persons each way—for a period of six months. All our railroad officers are doing their level best to meet this extraordinary demand upon them, but while doing this I fear they are overlooking the importance of fast freight lines. These 3,000,000 people will have to be fed, and the subsistence they otherwise would take at their homes must be brought here, and butter, eggs, poultry, fresh meats and vegetables will be required to be transported as fast as passengers. Thus far too little consideration has been given to this freight business, and as a consequence many of our citizens have already bargained for the butter, from April to November, at one dollar per pound; eggs at sixty cents per dozen and everything else in proportion. Once again I remind your readers that they will find here a ready market for all kinds of farm products, at prices higher than ever before, and they who get the earliest spring chickens, lambs, green corn, etc. into market, will reap the richest harvest. This is the healthy year for the farmers' boys and if they are wise they will take advantage of it.

POLITICAL.

Col. McClure has been setting up the pins for Governor Curtin; he has been down to Washington for a week, or more, taking soundings, and he is very much of the belief that the fight between Tilden, representing the Eastern Democracy, and Thurman and Hendricks, representing the West, will be so bitter, that at the opportune moment Gov. Curtin will be named and nominated as a sort of olive branch to heal the dissension. If Curtin should be nominated for President I suggest that McClure be named for Vice.

It is no secret that the warmest friends of Senator Cameron in this city are decidedly in favor of Senator Conkling for president, on the Republican side. The impression appears to be very general that in the event of Conkling's election, Don Cameron will be made Secretary of the Treasury, which, more than any other, is the honor most desired by the Lochiel family; at least so one of Senator Cameron's trustiest friends recently informed us.

One of our members of Congress from this city informs me that the bill to repeal the Check Stamp Act will undoubedly pass; that two petitions have been presented by Mr. J. T. Herald, of Wilmington, Del., 1388 feet in length and embracing 60,115 names of persons petitioning for the repeal of the Act. The member also informed me that a resolution will be introduced in the House calling for all the facts in connection with the contract by which the Graphic Publishing Company of New York, is allowed to print all the ready-stamped checks used, at a cost fully three or four times as great as any number of respectable and reputable printers would charge for the same work.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Fletcher, the man who entertained a grudge for two years against George Hanly, and who "made it up" with him in the morning and at night killed him, has been found guilty of murder, and before 20 days he will shoot up in the air like a huge rocket, as the 700 pound weight at the other end of the hempen cord drops to the earth. Judge Biddle, before whom the case was tried, stated that it was time that a stop was put to these rum murders; that the verdict must be guilty, or, not guilty. Far better men have been hung, and I apprehend that Gov. Hartranft will permit Fletcher to dance a minute in mid-air.

Mr. Jones from Moorestown, N. J., came to this city with a heap of money in his pocket which Thomas Plyacite nearly transferred from Jones' pocket to his own, as the Jerseyman was leaving the ferry boat. Fortunately officer Neff saw the operation, and took the pick-pocket into custody. That thief will *ply a sight* at shoemaking in the penitentiary during his two years of incarceration.

A thief by the name of Freeman, went into one of our largest jewelry stores about two years ago, under pretense of purchasing a valuable ring; while examining the tray containing the rings, Freeman managed to slip a $1,500 diamond ring into his pocket leaving a paste ring—almost a fac simile of the genuine—in its place. Immediately after he left the store the exchange was discovered, and a few days afterwards Freeman was arrested, tried and convicted. His sentence was delayed in order to investigate the allegation he made that the police officers stole the diamond from him at the station house, that he abstracted from the jewelry store. The investigation proved him a liar as well as thief, and so an indignant judge was about to impose the heaviest sentence of law upon him.

Freeman saw mischief in the eye of the judge, and asking the tip staye, who stood beside him, to get him a glass of ice water from the cooler a short distance off, Freeman took advantage of his absense, leaped out of the dock over the heads of lawyers and clients, and out of the nearest window, a high second story one, to the yard of Independence Hall, through the Hall into Chestnut street and around to Fourth and Market, three squares away, before judge and jurymen, counselors and clients recovered their astonishment. From there this *free-man* went to California, carried on the same business, was nabed by the police, gave straw bail and escaped to England, where he did a thriving trade in exchanging paste for pure diamonds; from England he came to Baltimore, and last week he was caught and brought back to this city, and as I stood beside him in Court Freeman remarked: "All I have lived for these few years is the Centennial; gladly would I give $10,000 to get out of this scrape." J. W. F.

REMEMBER THIS.—Now is the time the year for Pneumonia, lung fever, coughs, colds, and fatal results of predisposition to consumption and other throat and lung diseases. BOSCHEE'S GERMAN SYRUP has been used in this neighborhood for the past two or three years without a single failure to cure. If you have not used this medicine yourself, go to your druggists, F. P. Green and J. Zellers & Son, and ask them of its wonderful success among his customers. Two doses will relieve the worst case. If you have no faith in any medicine, just buy a sample bottle of Boschee's German Syrup for 10 cents and try it, regular size bottle, 75 cents. Don't neglect a cough to save 75 cents
41-eow.

——Some ill-disposed person took the liberty of taking a horse and spring wagon from Mr. Samuel F. Ishler, who lives near Boalsburg, on Saturday morning last, and driving it to this place, where he arrived about eight o'clock A. M. He hitched the horse in an alley of the west ward, where it stood all day. He immediately left and passed down Thomas street. He is of medium size, wore a black felt hat and light brown overcoat. He also took one or two horse blankets from Mr. Knarrs. A neighbor of Mr. Ishler's happened to see the horse during the day, who informed him of the fact at Lemont, when they both came to town and found the horse where the culprit left him.

——Prudence and probity are not extinct yet. Of the six hundred and thirty thousand business firms in the United States, last year, only eight hundred and eighty-two failed.

STRAY.—Came to the residence of the subscriber, in Spring township, Centre county Pa, a white Bour pig, supposed to be about six months old. The owner is requested to come forward and prove property pay charges and take him away, otherwise he will be sold as the law directs. MONROE ARMOR.
vol8-no1-3t

IN THE ORPHANS' COURT OF CENTRE COUNTY.—The auditor appointed to report upon the propriety of satisfying a certain mortgage given by T. M. Hall to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to secure the payment of certain moneys belonging to the heirs of James Foster, deceased, will meet the parties interested for the purpose of his appointment on Friday, January 21st, 1876, at 2 o'clock P. M., at his office in the borough of Bellefonte.
J. L. SPANGLER,
v8n1-3. Auditor.

SLEIGH OR SKATES.

FREE FOR EVERY BOY.

One hour's work will get them. Send 3 cent stamp to "Our Own Fireside," for particulars

FIFTH YEAR OF

OUR OWN FIRESIDE,

a large eight-page

Illustrated Household Journal.

It contains the best of Stories, Fashion News, Cookery for the Kitchen, and all the requisites of a Family Literary Paper. Price with fine premium, $1 10 a year.
REDUCED TO FIFTY CENTS,
without premium, making it the cheapest paper published. Canvassers can now secure large clubs without trouble. Send 3 cent stamp for sample paper and circulars. Address,
OUR OWN FIRESIDE,
8-3-1m 179 William street, New York.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—ESTATE OF John Hasson, deceased. Letters testamentary upon the estate of John Hasson, deceased, of Harris township, Centre county, having been granted to the undersigned all persons indebted will call and make immediate payment, and those having claims present them duly authenticated for settlement.
WILLIAM P. HASSON,
WILSON V. LEECH,
Executors.
Boalsburg, January 12, 1876. v8n2-6t*

Inventors. If you want a Patent send us a model or sketch and a full description of the invention. We will make an examination at the Patent Office, and if we think it patentable will send you papers and advice, and prosecute your case. Our fees will be in ordinary cases, $25. ADVICE FREE.
☞ Send Stamp for "Guide for obtaining Patents," a book of 50 pages.
Address, LOUIS BAGGER & CO., Solicitors of Patents, Washington, D. C. 8-3-3m

BELLEFONTE & SNOW SHOE RAILROAD COMPANY. The annual meeting of the stockholders of this company will be held at their office in Philadelphia on the third Monday, the 17th day of January, 1876, at 2 o'clock P. M., for the election of Directors to serve the ensuing year, and for the transaction of other business.
WILLIAM YARNALL,
v7n50-3t* Secretary.

STRAYED—CAME TO THE RESIDENCE of the subscriber in Half Moon township, last October, a pale red Heifer, with white back a piece off right ear, supposed to be two years' old. The owner can have the same by proving property, and paying charges, otherwise she will be disposed of according to law.
A. J. THOMPSON.
Half Moon, Centre county, Pa. v7n50-3t*

1776. A NATIONAL FAMILY PAPER. 1876

The Great Family Paper of America, the only paper exposing every swindler, quack and humbug, and saving millions to the public, is now ready for the Centennial campaign, and 100,000 more delighted subscribers.

The Star Spangled Banner

Is a large, eight-page, 40-column paper, *Ledger* size, overflowing with charming Stories, Tales, Sketches, Poetry, Wit, Humor and Fun. It gives all new Recipes, Rights, Secrets, Arts, etc., etc.; has a Children's Department, a Medical Department, Puzzler's Corner, etc., etc., and is a perfect family paper.

Humbugs Its specialty is to Expose every Fraud, Quack, Swindler, and "Beat." Every number has five columns of truthful, reliable statements. No sawdust, lottery gift, bond, or "put and call" game can ever "catch" you if you read this great paper. It exposes all swindlers without fear or favor, and gives a list of over 1000, with names and "games."

It Costs but 75 cents a year, and is sent prepaid everywhere. It is just the paper for every home, Southern or Northern. It is not political, religious or sectarian. It waves for all. Started in 1865, it has gone on for thirteen years, and is read by 100,000 people. You want it and will have it some time. Why not now?

Elegant Chromos We have imported 12 Splendid French Chromos (worth $1 each), size 9x11 inches, finely mounted, and we offer Any Four of these gems and "Banner" a whole year, all free, for $1. These are genuine Chromos, suitable for any parlor. 50 other premiums offered.

A Last Word. Reader, remember 1876 is our country's centennial. During this one year do take a National, patriotic, wide awake paper, one that is for right and against wrong; one that knows no party, no North, South, East or West, but a paper intended for every reader, one that saves money to its readers by exposing the tricks and traps of swindledom; and now is the time. You have put it off too long; send to-day. Now is the accepted time.

See Only 75 cents secures this great paper a year. With four charming Chromos, only $1. 5 numbers sent for 15 cents. Specimens (100,000 ready) sent Free to All. Send for it now. Costs nothing to see it, send to-day to BANNER PUBLISHING CO., Hinsdale, New Hampshire. v7-49 eow

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Reynolds' Hall.

ONE NIGHT ONLY.

TUESDAY, JAN. 25,

E. S. Washburne's Last Sensation.

25 Star Specialty Artistes! 25
in a sparkling programme overflowing with
FUN FUN FUN FUN

SIX WILD INDIANS SIX
in their peculiar Songs, Scenes, Sacred Dances, Rites and Ceremonies.

Admission, 35 and 50 cents,

according to location. Reserved seats secured without extra charge at Frank Blair's.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT application will be made to the next session of the Legislature of Pennsylvania for the repeal of the following law, so far as it relates to the county of Centre, State of Pennsylvania, Pamphlet laws 1867, page 994, No. 921:

"An Act Relative to the Fees of Notaries public in the Counties of Centre and Lycoming:

"SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, That from and after the passage of this act, all fees which are now chargable and receivable by the notaries public of the counties of Lycoming and Centre shall be increased fifty per centum; *Provided*, That the increase authorized by this Act shall not relate to the fees for the acknowledgment of deeds and mortgages." JOHN P. GLASS,
Speaker of the H. of R.

LOUIS W. HALL,
Speaker of the Senate.
Approved 10th day of April, 1867.
46-6t JNO. W. GEARY.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK of Bellefonte, at Bellefonte, in the State of Pennsylvania, at the close of business, Dec. 17, 1875.

RESOURCES.

Loans and Discounts	$360,903 44
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation	100,000 00
Other Stocks, Bonds and Mortgages	28,125 00
Due from approved reserve agts	10,058 46
" " other National Banks	1,402 52
" " State Banks and Bankers	13,486 04
Real Estate Furniture and Fixtures	25,926 90
Current Expense & Taxes paid	5,879 98
Premiums paid	3 22
Checks and other Cash Items	7,785 12
Bills of other National Banks	489 00
Fractional Currency (includ'g nickels)	1,155 75
Legal Tender Notes	22,316 00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treas. (5 per cent of circulation)	4,500 00
Due from U. S. Treas. other than 5 per cent. redemption fund	1,600
	$582,961 93

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock paid in	$100,000 00
Surplus fund	45,000 00
Other undivided profits	13,014 78
National Bank Notes outstanding	90,000 00
Individual Deposits subject to check	88,658 30
Time Certificates of Deposit	221,906 72
Due to other National Banks	10,270 70
" State Banks and Bankers	1,111 83
	$582,961 93

STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA, }
County of Centre SS: }

I, John P. Harris, Cashier of the First National Bank of Bellefonte, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.
JOHN P. HARRIS, Cashier.
Sworn and subscribed to before me, this 3rd day of January, 1876.
ROLAND C. CHEESMAN, N. P.
Correct Attest;
E. C. HUMES,
JAS. A. BEAVER, } DIRECTORS.
ADAM HOY,
1-3t

Removal

REDUCTION IN PRICES!

BARTLETT

Begs to inform his patrons and the Public in general that he has removed to

NO. 1033 CHESTNUT STREET

PHILADELPHIA,

Where, in addition to the business so long and successfully carried on by him in the men's line, he will make to order and keep in store a large assortment of his own make of

BOOTS, GAITERS, SHOES, SLIPPERS, &C.

FOR LADIES, MISSES AND CHILDREN.

His stock will comprise all the leading styles of goods for dress, promenade, school and domestic purposes. No goods will be offered for sale that are not of the best materials and workmanship. He will be able to show the most complete assortment of of Shoes ever seen in the United States, including a large stock of FINE SHOES for little children, and genteel SERVICEABLE SHOES for boys and girls.

The prices of his Gent's Boots and Gaiters will be reduced One Dollar per pair, other goods in proportion.

The Public in general are solicited to call and examine goods and prices, without obligation to purchase.

WM. F. BARTLETT,
1033 Chestnut Street,
PHILADELPHIA.

PRICE LIST and directions for self-measurement sent on receipt of post-office address.
24-3m

FOR SALE.

A GOOD SECOND HAND

FLORENCE

SEWING MACHINE,

VERY CHEAP

Enquire at this office

LOOK! LOOK!

We have a limited stock of

BILL HEADS

which we will print and sell for

$3 $2 PER THOUSAND,

PER FIVE HUNDRED.

Order now. We have only a limited stock at the above price and shall not probably have any more. Send for sample.
REPUBLICAN OFFICE.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WE WANT AN AGENT

IN EVERY COUNTY

IN THE

UNITED STATES!

GOLD COIN! $1,000.00 IN GOLD COIN!

WE CHALLENGE THE WORLD

and will forfeit $1,000 to any person who can produce a remedy which will prove by actual test, a more speedy, certain and effectual cure for all Pains and Aches of whatever form, external and internal, acute or chronic, deep seated or otherwise, than

DR. RADCLIFF'S GREAT REMEDY,

SEVEN SEALS

—OR—

GOLDEN WONDER,

We have had this challenge of $1,000 prominently displayed in all our Circulars and Newspaper Advertisements, for the last four years, and not taken, which shows the superior excellence of our Remedy over all others. For External or Internal use,

IT WILL EFFECT A SPEEDY CURE IN ALL CASES OF

Haadache, Neuralgia, Toothache, Sprains, Bruises, Flesh Wounds, Burns, Colic, Cramp, Cholera Morbus, Flux, Diarrhœa, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Coughs, Colds, Inflammatory Rheumatism, Asthma, Phthisic, Heartburn, Indigestion, Summer Complaint, Pains in Side, Back or Loins, Piles, Ringworm, Felons, Stings of Insects, Bites of Venomous Serpents, and especially Rheumatism.

A Powerful Remedy which is Taken Internally by Any One.

This celebrated medicine is beyond a doubt the greatest discovery in Medical Science known to the world. Its action is at once felt. Its wonderful cures are instantaneous. In fact it literally demolishes pain.

EQUALLY GOOD FOR MAN OR BEAST.

Remember we Guarantee Every Bottle. No Cure, No Pay. Try It, and be Convinced.

WE OFFER PERMANENT AND PROFITABLE EMPLOYMENT. AN ARTICLE OF UNIVERSAL SALE.

To You This is a Golden Opportunity. Thousands are Now Out

of employment. To them we offer, in the sale of our Remedy, a preventative of hard times. We have adopted as our motto,

NO CURE! NO PAY!

A source of happiness to Millions of suffering Humanity.

During the past year the wonderful success of this Great Remedy has far exceeded our most sanguine expectations; thousands have been cured, and thousands have found out from actual experience that DR. RADCLIFF'S GREAT REMEDY, SEVEN SEALS or GOLDEN WONDER is the Most Wonderful Pain Destroyer in Existence, the Most Expeditious, Safe and Powerful Remedy known in the World. Cures are effected almost instantly, as if by Magic. Thousands of certificates have been received from all parts of our broad land, unsolicited and unasked for, speaking in heartfelt and universal praise of this Great Remedy, from personal knowledge of its almost miraculous powers in curing the most obstinate and prostrated cases of Diseases.

$1,000 Profit in Four Months. 1,872 $1 Bottles Sold.

READ THIS:

SCOTT TOWN, LAWRENCE COUNTY, OHIO.

MESSRS. KENNEDY & CO.—Dear Sirs: At this late hour I will inform you of the great benefit I received from the use of Dr. Radcliff's Great Remedy, SEVEN SEALS or GOLDEN WONDER, after being confined to my bed for 8 years with a complication of diseases, viz: Dyspepsia, Bronchitis, Palpitation of the Heart, Pain the Right Side, with General Debility, for which I tried the skill of our home physicians, also a doctor of New York City, and two of Pittsburgh, and one in the northern part of Ohio. Took enough patent medicine to swim in,—all to no purpose. At length I was induced to try Dr. Radcliff's SEVEN SEALS or GOLDEN WONDER. I sent and got six fifty cent bottles, and before using it all found myself able to travel in a buggy. Took the agency for its sale last April, four months ago, and have sold thirteen gross, or 1,872 bottles, up to this date, August 20, 1872, and expect from the growing demand to sell ten thousand (10,000) bottles in the next year. Gentlemen, if you think this worth using you can do so, as I am generally known over three counties as a man of great affliction. Yours respectfully, H. J. DARLING.

A REMEDY FOR HARD TIMES. TRY IT.

For this Great Remedy we wish you to act as our Agent.

DEAR SIR—The above fully explains the articles we wish you to sell. This business is honorable, and by being energetic, will pay you well. It is our desire to appoint an agent in every county in all parts of the United States and Canada, granting to each the exclusive right to sell every bottle sold in the county. Should you accept the agency of one or more counties, you shall have the exclusive right to sell every bottle sold in your county, so long as you continue to act as our agent, and all orders which we may receive from your territory shall be turned over to your account.

This Wonderful Remedy, SEVEN SEALS or GOLDEN WONDER sells rapidly in the hands of the right kind of men, and we want none other. Now, if you think you are the man for the work, forward your order, name your county, and go to work; you can sell a gross in a few days without a doubt. We have one man who buys on an average three gross a week, and his orders are increasing rapidly, and he has a small county (Berks county, Pa.) He writes that he expects sell one gross per day, at retail, the coming season, not counting wholesale. You have the privilege of selling wholesale or retail, or putting it on commission with druggists, or selling by subagents. This business is worth the attention of good men and men of capital. Should you make but reasonable wages—say $100 per month for the first three months (many make more)—you would nevertheless be establishing a business that would pay you largely in the end.

Agents are doing better with our Remedy than anything else they ever took hold of. Why is this? Because the Remedy does just as we say, and our agents can warrant every bottle. No cure, no pay. Knowing that we mak all losses good, should they be called on to redeem a bottle, agents run no risk of loss.

SEVEN SEALS or GOLDEN WONDER is put up in $1 00 and 50 cent bottles, elegantly finished in neat and appropriate wrappers, and packed in nice boxes, one dozen in each box.

To druggists our scale of prices are—Large size, $1 00 bottles, per dozen, $9 00; small size, 50 cent bottles, per dozen, $4 50.

We give special terms to our County Agents at such figures that they can sell to druggists and country stores at the above price and make a handsome profit. We also give an

EXTRA PREMIUM TO AGENTS.

In order to have live, energetic men to take hold of the business at once, we have concluded to give free gratis to each and every agent a present of a handsome, fine

COIN SILVER HUNTING CASE WATCH, FREE,

Beautifully engraved and correct time-keeper, worth $20 00, (and a certificate of agency giving SOLE CONTROL of such county as the agent may select (not already taken); and, furthermore, all orders coming from such counties as the agent may select, will be sent back by us to the agent to be filled—in fact we give sole control of such counties as long as the agent continues in the business. Remember, the Premium Watch is given gratis to agents. We take this plan to have our Great Remedy quickly and thoroughly introduced. Let us hear from you at your earliest convenience, and secure your county at once, before being taken by some one else. Remember this offer is open for a short time only.

A Small Capital Required to Run a Large and Paying Business.

The capital required is very small and the profits from it will fully equal that of thousands of merchants who have idvested a large capital in their business. Hundreds in all parts of the country are making from $1,500 to $5,000 a year, and hundreds more will date their success from accepting our liberal offer at this time. Any one willing to work for success can force it, but those who believe that it can be had from idleness are not the kind of men we want to push our business. We want a LIVE, ENERGETIC AGENT, as one such is worth a dozen who expect a business to push itself. We have spent in pushing our business, $100,000. It has paid us to do it, and it pays our Agents, as it advertises it thoroughly in every State, County and Township in the United States—not only for us, but for the Agent. Remember, this is a life business, and that every year it grows larger and larger.

We will send to parties contemplating to act as our agents a SAMPLE DOZEN BOTTLES, securely packed, with our different Posters, Bills, Show Cards, Terms, &c., upon receipt of $3 50, and all sending $3 50 for Sample Dozen, we will send, free of charge, Samples of our Eight Elegant Chromos, entitled,

GOOD MORNING! GOOD NIGHT!
FEEDING THE CHICKENS! MOTHER'S GRAVE!
OUT OF THE FRYING PAN! BO BEEP!
READING THE BIBLE! FIRST LESSON!

If you want your county, let us know as soon as convenient, as the territory may be taken. We would be pleased to have parties who contemplate taking an agency, to send for Sample Package of this wonderful Remedy before engaging largely in the business.

Remember, we guarantee every bottle. NO CURE, NO PAY.

With these suggestions we leave the matter with you. We do not wish you to engage unless you will follow the business as a business, and really desire to make money. We want none but honest, conscientious men. To such we guarantee success.

Address all communications to

R. KENNEDY & CO.,

SOLE PROPRIETORS, PITTSBURGH, PA.

v6n3-4w

Wanted--Situations.

Advertisements under this head, not exceeding four lines, will be inserted until March FREE. All persons out of employment are invited to give it a trial.

WANTED—A PRACTICAL ROOFER and Tinner desires a situation. Can give the best of refereuces. Will go anywhere. Address TINNER, this office.

SADDLER—R. H. CROSSWHAIT WOULD like to work at his trade, or will do any other kind of work offered. Residence—Bush's Row, near car works.

TEAMSTER—GEORGE WALKER DESires a situation as teamster, or will do any other kind of honest work.

MOULDER AND BAKER—SAMUEL RINE desires work at his trades, or will do any other jobs that may be offered, at short notice.

LABORER—SIMEON HAUPT WILL work at any kind of labor.

CABINET-MAKER—JAMES N. SHOPE will do carpenter work, turning or cabinet work.

WOOD CHOPPER OR RAIL-FENCE Maker- Martimon Holobaugh will chop wood, make rail-fence, or do labor of any kind.

TEAMSTER OR LABORER—ISRAEL FREES, Coleville, near Bellefonte, will do any kind of work, or drive team at short notice.

LABORER—JOHN HACKENBURY, RESidence, Bush's Row, will do any kind of work at short notice.

LABORER—JOHN WIAN WILL DO ANY kind of labor by the day or week.

LABORER—A. B. STEEL WILL DO ANY kind of labor.

WOOD-CHOPPER—SAMUEL GEORGE GUINES would like to work at chopping wood.

TEAMSTER—JACK JOHNSON DESIRES work as teamster.

A LECTURE
TO YOUNG MEN.

Just Published, in a sealed envelope. Price six cents. A lecture on the nature, treatment and radical cure of Seminal Weakness, or Spermatorrhœa, induced by Self Abuse, Involuntary Emissions, Impotency, Nervous Debility, and Impediments to Marriage generally; Consumption, Epilepsy and Fits; Mental and Physical Incapacity, etc.—by ROBERT J. CULVERWELL, M. D., author of the Green Book, &c.

The world-renowned author, in this admirable Lecture, clearly proves from his own experience that the awful consequences of Self-Abuse may be removed without medicine, and without dangerous surgical operations, bougies, instruments, rings, or cordials; pointing out a mode of cure at once certain and effectual by which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and radically.

☞ This lecture will prove a boon to thousands and thousands.

Sent, under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, on receipt of six cents or two postage stamps. Address the publishers,

F. BRUGMAN & SON,
41 Ann street, New York; P. O. Box 4586.
v7n39-1y

FRAZIER'S
CENTENIAL POCKET-GUIDE.

A book containing over Sixty beautiful illustrations of Exhibition Buildings, Fairmount Park, Independence Hall in 1776 and 1876, Carpenter's Hall, Girard College, Masonic Temple, Cathedral, and all other places of Interest in the Centennial City, with historical sketches of each, and a compendium of all other information absolutely indispensable for the Centennial Visitor, who ought to make himself thoroughly familiar with its contents before visiting the Exhibition. Sent anywhere by return of mail on receipt of price, Twenty Cents. Address John W. Frazier, No. 1623 North 13th street, Philadelphia. Big trade discount to country dealers. v8n7-1y

ERRORS OF YOUTH.

DR. BELLS SPECIFIC REMEDIES have stood the test of thirty years, and are still unequaled for their great efficacy in curing all diseases of the Urino-Genetal system arising from youthful indiscretion or imprudent habits.

YOUTH, MANHOOD, AND OLD AGE are alike benefitted by them, and a cure may confidently be expected in all cases of Nervous Debility and Depression, Gravelly Deposits, Pains and Irritations, Seminal Weakness, Emissions, Discharges, and other Diseases of the Kidneys and Bladder, conditions arising from one and the same cause.

These remedies can be used without detection, as they never nauseate the stomach, or interfere with diet, or business pursuits.

Trial boxes, properly secured from observation, will be sent by mail, on receipt of One Dollar—pamphlet containing full particulars, sent on receipt of stamp. Address,

47-3m JOHN LAMB, P. O. Box 33 85. N. Yok

COURT PROCLAMATION.

Whereas the Hon. Charles A. Mayer, President of the court of common Pleas, in the 25th Judicial District, consisting of the counties of Centre, Clinton, and Clearfield, and the Honorable W. W. Love and the Honorable Henry Dopp, Associate Judges, in Centre county, having issued their precept, bearing date the 1st day of Jan. A. D. 1876, to me directed for holding a court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery and Quarter Sessions of the Peace in Bellefonte, for the county of Centre, and to commence on the 4th Monday of Jan. next, being the 24th day of Jan., 1876, and to continue two weeks.

Notice is hereby given to the Coroner, Justices of the Peace, Aldermen and Constables of said county of Centre, that they be then and there in their proper persons, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, with their records, inquisitions, examinations, and their own remembrances, to do those things which to their office appertains to be done, and those who are bound in recognizances to prosecute against the prisoners that are or shall be in the jail of Centre county, be then and there to prosecute against them as shall be just.

Given under my hand, at Bellefonte, the 1st day of Jan., in the year of our Lord, 1876, and in the one hundredth year of the Independence of the United States.

2-4t LEVI MUNSON, Sheriff.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT application will be made to the Legislature of this Commonwealth for the repeal of so much of the Supplement to an Act entitled "An Act to provide for the election of Auditors for the Borough of Bellefonte, in Centre county, and for the auditing of former accounts of said borough," which provides for the publication of the Auditor's reports in the newspapers of said borough.

(Signed) JAS. H. RANKIN,
v7n50-3t Sec. Town Council.

HOMOEOPATHIC
FAMILY MEDICINE CASES

and books giving plain and concise directions for their use, are a necessity in every household; for often will a timely dose of medicine stave off a serious dose of sickness.

Messrs. BOERICK & TAFEL, 145 Grand street, New York, will send a catalogue describing the different styles and sizes to any address, on receipt of a stamp. Theirs is the oldest establishment of the kind in America, having been founded in 1835. v8n5-3w

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

PROCLAMATION

We desire all consumers of Goods in our Line to know that we have declared

WAR

On High Prices, and shall continue to

ASSAULT

All goods sold at Big Profits, until we shall have

DEFEATED

All competition, and proven to

THOUSANDS

Of our customers that they can buy of us

THE MOST,

THE BEST,

AND THE CHEAPEST

GOODS FOR THE MONEY

S. & A. LOEB.

vol7-48 [Successors to LOEB, MAY & LOEB.]

New Advertisements.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—IN THE ORphan's Court of Centre county. In the matter of the estate of Daniel Shuey, late of Harris township, deceased. The undersigned, an auditor appointed by the Court to make distribution of the balance of funds in the hands of the Administrator of said estate, to and among the parties entitled thereto, will meet the parties interested, for the purpose of his appointment, on Tuesday, the 18th day of January, 1876, at 2 o'clock P. M., at his office in Bellefonte. D. H. HASTINGS,
v7n50-4t Auditor.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Estate of Daniel Shank, late of Milesburg, deceased.—All persons having claims against the said estate will please present them properly for payment, and all persons knowing themselves indebted to the said estate will make payment to the undersigned at Milesburg.

ROBT. L. SHIRK,
EZEKIEL BING,
v8n1-6t Administrators.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—ESTATE OF VINCENT STEVENS.—Letters testamentary upon the estate of Vincent Stevens, late of Half Moon township, Centre county, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted will call and make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them duly authenticated for settlement.

JOHN WILSON,
v8n1-3t* Executor.

APPLICATION FOR LICENSE.—NOTICE is hereby given that the following persons have applications for license in the Prothonotary's office:

Philip Gates, Ferguson township.

AARON WILLIAMS,
v8n1-3t Prothonotary.

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Agricultural.

Practical Hints

Floating on the great sea of the agricultural newspapers are often many little hints, which if gathered together, would make an extremely useful volume. Here before us one gives an account of how he gets rid of large rocks, which as "boulders," lie around his farm. But this probably orginated with us, as we recommended it both for boulders, stumps etc., fully twenty-five years ago). He digs a hole below the reach of the plow, alongside, and with a lever tumbles them in and buries them. Where stone is abundant, this is much better than plowing them to pieces with powder and carting them away. Stumps may be be got rid of the same way; but here is one who burns them out. He has a large tin funnel made so as to fit over the largest of the stumps, and has an opening at the bottom like the opening to a furnace. In this opening he builds a small fire, and the draught through the furnace keeps the fire burning until the whole stump is burned away. We should suppose by this plan the stump would not burn below the line of the dranght, and that it would still leave all beneath the surface of the ground, and thus would the plow be as much impeded as if the stump was still there. Yet there seems the rudiments of a cheap and easy way of getting rid of stumps, and it is worth noting.

Then we have another who had a long pale fence which it was necessary to remove. The posts had to be dug out; but to save this, a couple of oxen were attached to a lever which drew them out easily. The lever in this case was simply a chain, and the prop a short thick log of wood, inclined at an angle towards the posts to be lifted, and away from the oxen. The chain or rope, when attached to the bottom of the post, draws it out easily when the oxen draw the short block upright. There is a useful hint in this, although as a general thing, a man with a good log-lever will easily draw out any ordinary post.

Another person has had trouble with the drawing out of staples from barn doors and screws from hinges. He drove pegs into the holes, and put the irons in again; but they would soon come out, wooden pegs and all. Then he used leather, which was better than wooden pegs; but in time the latter got used to pressure and let the staples out. Then he filled the holes tightly with cork, and put in the screws and irons, and they have remained in perfect condition to this day.

In connection with this matter of staples, is another hint from one who wanted a ring set into a piece of stone. He ran lead into the hole about the ring, but in time it got loose and worked out. Then he was told to melt brimstone and run it in the place of the lead, which he did, and it has been sound and solid ever since. There is nothing new in this; stone-cutters generally use sulphur for cementing pieces together; but still the hint will be valuable to those for whom the contributor intended it.

And then here is one more before us, which completes a very good chapter of little hints, from one day's reading. It is in relation to garden-dibbles. The contributor has one in use often, and he had the upper part of the handle of an old spade, as so many do, for that purpose. He had it pointed with iron which was an improvement; but it still required some force to press it into the ground, and it was by no means easy work. At length he had the point of the dibble made flat, like a wedge, and then pointed it with iron as before, and found after that that dibbling was comparatively easy work to what it had been before. He has no blisters on his hands now, for which he may well be thankful.

It is such little things as these which make up the value of an agricultural paper quite as much as scientific discussion and learned opinions; and we take pleasure in gathering up these fragments lest they be lost.—[Germantown Telegraph.

If you would enjoy the lay of the hen during the winter season, feed your fowls wheat instead of corn. So says the "Scientific American"—good authority.

Sheep As Enrichers.

In 1865 I had a field of ten acres that had been mowed some ten years in succession without a particle of dressing put upon it; the grass had completely died out, and nothing was to be seen but white weed and yellow weed, or buttercup and ox-eyed daisy. The soil was a clayey loam slanting a little to the south and west, was in the smoothest possible condition, without a stump or stone, and bordering upon a stream of water. In the spring of the same year I put upon this field of ten acres forty one-year old sheep without lambs. These sheep kept everything down as smooth as a barn floor. The next year I put on the same number and kept them on until it was time to come to the barn. They were not taken from the field at any time during the season, neither did they have any grain of any kind; but but were in splendid condition. They were grade merinos.

In the spring of 1867 I noticed that the field looked green the last of Apial and the first of May, so much that in consulting with my neighbors I was induced to keep off from it and let it come to grass for the scythe. The field in meantime had been sowed over with a light dressing of plaster, about one bushel to the acre, and a small quantity of grass seed, timothy and redtop. Nothing else has been done to the field in any shape to the present time.

Now for the result. The first year after taking the sheep off I had the greatest yield of grass that I ever had from any of my fields under other treatment, and of the best quality mixture of timothy, red-top, white clover and some grass that I cannot name. Hardly a head of white seed was seen on the field,

But what is the most remarkable to me and my neighbors is, that the field has continued to produce bountifully up to the present time, which is eight years since the sheep were taken off; and to-day (August 2d) the field is tented thick with bunches of the very best hay, averaging over one ton to the acre. I have since sold the field to one of my friends, and I asked him if he expected to get another crop from the field without dressing it again. His reply was: "Yes, I expect to get several more yet."—[H. G. Abbot in Germantown Telegraph

Household Receipts.

SURPRISE CAKE.—One egg, one cup of sugar, one-half cup of butter, one cup of sweet milk, one tea-spoonful of soda, two tea-spoonfuls of cream-of-tartar; flavor with lemon, and use sufficient sifted flour to make the proper consistence, and you will really be surprised to see its bulk and beauty.

SUGAR PASTE CREAM TARTS.—To one pound of flour put a quarter of a pound of sugar, a quarter of a pound of butter, and one beaten egg; work it well together with a little cold water, in which is dissolved a bit of volitile salts, half the size of a nutmeg; roll rather thin; butter some small tartlet pans, and line them with the paste. Bake in a quick oven. When done, fill with mock cream, sprinkle a little powdered sugar over, and return them to the oven again to brown the tops.

CREAM CAKE.—Four cups of flour, three cups of sugar, two cups of butter, one cup of sour cream, one tea-spoonful of soda, dissolved in milk, and four eggs; add a tea-spoonful of essence of lemon, and half a nutmeg, grated. Beat well, and bake in a quick oven.

CHICKEN FRITTERS.—Make a batter with two eggs, a quart of new milk and flour; to this add a cold roast or boiled chicken, cut small. Season with salt and pepper and fry in lard.

Cooking.

Mothers, when your daughters begin to learn to bake and cook, do not discourage their first attempts by telling them it is not good or well done. If it is not good, or as well done as you can do it, after years of experience, do not discourage them by telling them so, but remember one word of praise will help them try the next time to do better than a thousand words of fault-finding would. Well do I remember the first time I kneaded a loaf of bread and baked it. I was alone at home, and O, how I tried to make it nice, and I thought myself it was nice; but, alas! when ma come home she said my bread was not good at all. Ah! how my heart sank within me, and I said to myself: "I'll never again try to make another loaf of bread." And yet, to this day, when I make it I do it with a heavy heart, for it always reminds me of my first attempt and the discouragement I then received.

O, mothers, I repeat it, do not discourage your daughters in their first attempt at baking. If it is not well done, point out to them their faults in a mild and gentle way, and please don't forget to give them a word of praise.—[A Farmer's Daughter, in Rural New Yorker.

Is Farming Slavish?

The life of a farmer is not necessarily hard or slavish, though skill and care have their reward here as surely as anywhere, and in as large measure. Men who lack these find any business hard and slavish. But the fault is in the man, and not in the occupation. It is rare to find men honest enough to see and confess the cause of their failures. Were they to do so, the unskillful, and therefore unsuccessful, farmer would be compelled to say: "Farming is not a bad business. It is, when rightly conducted, honorable and profitable. Money has been made in it by men who have the faculty of making money. Almost any man, with average skill and industry, can make a comfortable and honest support by farming. It is I who am a failure for undertaking a business which demands thought, skill and labor, when I have them not, nor am not willing to give them as the price of success." When we have men in any business talking to themselves thus plainly of the cause of their failure, the world will have the first and most needed element in doing away with incompetency and its natural result in failure.

Experience.

Man's life is experience. We are made up by what we imbibe through the various senses—hearing, seeing, feeling, etc. Without these, man would remain a child. A man is what he is, according to his advantage. The untutored Indian is hunter, a warrior, and nothing else.

He has no means to become anything more. Nature around him inspires his imagination; and his language, which is limited, shows this. A nation with more advantages, shows more acquirements; not each member of it, for the advantages pass more or less unheeded by some, and hence there is less improvement. Precisely as we get, and do with what we get, so we are; this in the physical as well as moral and mental phases of life. The man who complains of his ill success among an enlightened people, is only, unwittingly, finding fault with himself.

It is in us to do; that in nature has furnished the elements, we have but to take advantage of the circumstances. By exercising the faculties they become strengthened. If knowledge, then, is gained, and the matured faculties are applied in the use of this knowledge—which is so much material to be worked with—there will be an effect, and that corresponding with the amount of cultivation and employment, precisely. This is experience; this is life—what we make it. But there must be a relish to inspire, else life becomes a tedious round. Little, comparitively, will be accomplished. There is not the incitement, which is the stimulus requisite to high success, and in such a case the career is pleasurable.

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Manufacturer and dealer in

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SPRING ST., BELLEFONTE, PA.,

HAS COMPLETED HIS ELEGANT

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A very fine selection of WALL PAPER, will be found at low prices. v6n10

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and the large number of testimonials which are continually received from persons who have been cured by its use, are conclusive proof of its great value. It is recommended by physicians and apothecaries. As a Blood-Purifier and Health-Restorer, it has no equal.

VEGETINE is not prepared for a fancy drink made of poor liquors, which debilitates the system and tends to destroy health instead of restoring it.

Are not the many testimonials given for the different complaints satisfactory to any reasonable persons suffering from diseases that they can be cured? Read the different testimonials given, and no one can doubt. In many of these cases the persons say that their pain and suffering cannot be expressed, as in cases of Scrofula, where, apparently, the whole body was one mass of corruption. If VEGETINE will relieve pain, cleanse and purify such diseases, restoring the patient to perfect health, after trying different physicians, many remedies, suffering for years, is it not conclusive proof, if you are a sufferer, that you can be cured? Why is this medicine performing such great cures? It works in the blood, in the circulating fluid. It can be truly called the GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER. The great source of disease originates in the blood; and no medicine that does not act directly upon it, to purify and renovate, has any just claim upon public attention. When the blood becomes lifeless and stagnant, either from change of weather or climate, want of exercise, irregular diet, or from any other cause, the VEGETINE will renew the blood, carry off the putrid humors, cleanse the stomach, regulate the bowels, and impart a tone of vigor to the whole body. The conviction is, in the public mind as well as in the medical profession, that the remedies supplied by the Vegetable Kingdom are more safe, more successful, in the cure of disease than mineral medicines. VEGETINE is composed of roots, barks and herbs. It is pleasant to take, and is perfectly safe to give an infant. Do you need it? Do not hesitate to try it. You will never regret it.

CANNOT BE EXCELLED.

CHARLESTOWN, March 19, 1869.

H. R. STEVENS—

DEAR SIR: This is to certify that I have used your "Blood Preparation" in my family for several years, and I think that, for Scrofulous or Cankerous Humors, or Rheumatic Affections, it cannot be excelled; and, as a blood purifier and spring medicine, it is the best thing I have ever used; and I have used almost everything. I can cheerfully recommend it to any one in need of such a medicine.

Yours respectfully,
MRS. A. A. DINSMORE,
12 Russell street.

WHAT IS NEEDED.

BOSTON, February 16, 1871.

HENRY R. STEVENS, Esq.—

DEAR SIR: About one year since I found myself in a feeble condition from general debility. VEGETINE was strongly recommended to me by a friend who had been much benefitted by its use. I procured the article, and, after using several bottles, was restored to health, and discontinued its use. I feel quite confident that there is no medicine superior to it for those complaints for which it is especially prepared; and would cheerfully recommend it to those who feel that they need something to restore them to perfect health.

Respectfully yours,
U. L. PETTENGILL,
Firm of S. M. Pettengill & Co.,
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GIVES HEALTH, APPETITE AND STRENGTH.

My daughter has received great benefit from the use of the VEGETINE. Her declining health was a source of great anxiety to all of her friends. A few bottles of the VEGETINE restored her health, appetite and strength

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Insurance and Real Estate Agent,
No. 49 Sears Building, Boston, Mass.

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SOUTH BERWICK, Me., Jan. 17, 1871.

H. R. STEVENS, Esq.—

DEAR SIR: I have had Dyspepsia in its worst form for the last ten years, and have taken hundreds of dollars' worth of medicine without obtaining any relief. In September last I commenced taking the VEGETINE, since which time my health has steadily improved. My food digests well, and I have gained fifteen pounds of flesh. There are several others in this place taking VEGETINE; and all have obtained relief.

Yours truly,
THOMAS E. MOORE,
Overseer of Card Room, Portsmouth Co.'s Mills.

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SELL AT THE LOWEST PRICE

All sorts of

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We hope by

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merit and receive a share of public patronage.

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will find it to their advantage to call and examine our stock.

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Miscellaneous

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v6n1-tf

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Keeps constantly on hand, or orders on short notice, a full assortment of everything usually kept in a first-class Drug Store. Particular attention given to preparing Physicians prescriptions, and family recipes. v6n1-1y.

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Chestnut St., above Tenth, is open for the reception of guests. It has been newly furnished and enlarged, and will compare favorably with the best hotels in this or any other city.

Rates $3 to $5 per day. Special rates to families and permanent guests.

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COSMOLINE.

Because wounded nature rapidly restores itself when thoroughly protected from atmospheric action. Science acknowledges a perfect application in COSMOLINE. No rancidity or decomposition. Healing without the slightest irritation or smarting. Leaves no scars. Results are astounding!

Any inflamation, old and corrupt sores, eruptions and sloughing wounds yield to it. It is Nature's faithful ally in the struggle. For Burns, Scalds, Cuts, Bruises, Boils, Blisters, Chafing, Poisons, Bites, Piles, Itching Tetter, Salt Rheum, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Mumps, Sore Throat, Coughing, Frosted Limbs, Chapped Skin.

Whoever Uses it Recommends It,

The Pomade of Cosmoline never becomes rancid nor loses its rich perfume. It cures all scalp diseases, keeps the hair soft, glossy and free from gum.

☞ Ask for PLAIN COSMOLINE, or for COSMOLINE POMADE: 50 cents a bottle, with the above trade mark and the name of E. F. HOUGHTON & CO., Philadelphia.

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MISCELLANEOUS.

SUI GENERIS.

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Every year increases the popularity of this valuable Hair Preparation, which is due to merit alone. We can assure our old patrons that it is kept fully up to its high standard; and it is the only reliable and perfected preparation for restoring GRAY OR FADED HAIR to its youthful color, making it soft, lustrous, and silken. The scalp, by its use, becomes white and clean. It removes all eruptions and dandruff, and, by its tonic properties, prevents the hair from falling out, as it stimulates and nourishes the hair-glands. By its use, the hair grows thicker and stronger. In baldness, it restores the capillary glands to their normal vigor, and will create a new growth, except in extreme old age. It is the most economical HAIR-DRESSING ever used, as it requires fewer applications, and gives the hair a splendid, glossy appearance. A. A. Hayes, M.D., State Assayer of Massachusetts, says, "The constituents are pure, and carefully selected for excellent quality; and I consider it the BEST PREPARATION for its intended purposes."

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As our Renewer in many cases requires too long a time, and too much care, to restore gray or faded Whiskers, we have prepared this dye, in *one preparation*, which will quickly and effectually accomplish this result. It is easily applied, and produces a color which will neither rub nor wash off. Sold by all Druggists. Price Fifty Cents.
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takes this opportunity to inform his friends that he has removed to the new building lately erected by Blanchard & McCafferty, next door to the office of Alexander & Co., on High St. At his new store he has increased facilities for doing business and guarantees entire satisfaction to all who may favor him with their patronage. Clocks, watches and jewelry repaired upon shortest notice. vol7-no5-tf

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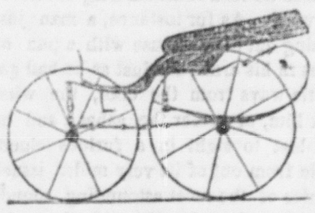

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SPRING WAGONS, SLEIGHS, &c.
AND LUMBER WAGONS
Having rebuilt our factory, lately burned in the great fire at Milesburg, we have removed from Bellefonte, and can now be found at our new place of business near
CENTRAL CITY MILLS.
Thankful to our friends for past favors we solicit a continuance of their patronage at our new establishment.
Repairing Neatly and Carefully Done,
and satisfaction guaranteed.
Our motto is: **As Cheap as the Cheapest and Good as the Best.**
7-23-1y

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W. T. TWITMIRE,
dealer in
Stoves, Tinware
WOODEN WARE
and all kinds of
KITCHEN FURNITURE
also
COAL OIL
and Coal Oil Lamps and Chimneys, Roofing & Spouting promptly done. Our motto, as cheap as the cheapest and as good as the best. No. 4 Bush's Arcade, store formerly occupied by Lonbarger.
6-tf

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DEALERS IN
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OF THE LATEST AND BEST IMPROVED PATTERNS
TIN WARE
MANUFACTURED FROM THE
BEST QUALITY OF TIN,
AND SOLD AS CHEAP IF NOT CHEAPER THAN AT ANY OTHER PLACE IN TOWN.
SPOUTING
a Specialty, and all orders attended to promptly and satisfactorily.
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5-33-tf

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CAR MANUFACTURING CO.,
(Successor to W. V. Hughes.)
BELLEFONTE
Manufactures and keeps always on hand
WHITE AND YELLOW
PINE FLOORING,
Weather boarding, of various styles,
Sash
Blinds,
Doors,
Mouldings,
Brackets,
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Having a
BUCKLEY'S PATENT LUMBER DRYER
Connected with our establishment, we are enabled to manufacture our work from
THOROUGHLY SEASONED LUMBER
Orders from
CONTRACTORS, BUILDERS, DEALERS,
and the trade generally solicited.
BELLEFONTE CAR MANF'G CO.
5-25-tf. Bellefonte Centre co., Pa.

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MERCHANT TAILOR,
McCAFFERTY'S NEW BUILDING, Opposite Depot,
Has just received a large invoice of
GENTLEMENS'
FURNISHING GOODS.
of the latest styles,
FASHIONABLE SUITS
MADE TO ORDER AT
LOW CASH PRICES
v5-12-1y

Merchant Tailoring Establishment
NO. 7, BROCKERHOFF'S ROW
BELLEFONTE PA
THE undersigned takes pleasure in informing the citizens of Centre county and the public generally, that he is just opening a
Splendid and Rich Assortment of Foreign and Domestic
CLOTHS, CASSIMERES,
AND
VESTINGS,
Which he is prepared make to order in the latest and most fashionable styles, for men or boys. Goods sold by the piece or by the yard. He also keeps on hand a full line of
Gents Furnishing Goods
of every style and variety, consisting of
HATS AND CAPS.
STRAW GOODS
MUSLIN OR LINEN SHIRTS,
Underclothes for Summer or Winter Wear, Suspenders, Hose, Neck Ties, Collars, both Paper and Linen, Handkerchiefs.
The best manufacture of KID GLOVES—"The Jouvin"—a full assortment of sizes, colors &c., on hand.
JOHN MONTGOMERY,
No. 7, Brockerhoff Row, Bellefonte, Pa.
v4n34-1y

MERCHANT TAILORING.
NO. FOUR BROCKERHOFF ROW,
ALLEGHENY STREET,
BELLEFONTE, PENN'A.
Just received by
WM. McCLELLAN,
a most complete stock of
CLOTHS,
CASSIMERES
AND VESTINGS;
which he is prepared to make to order in the latest and most fashionable style for men or boys.
Particular attention given to cutting and fitting.
He also keeps on hand a full line of
GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,
of every style and variety, consisting of hats and caps, straw goods, muslin or linen shirts, undercloth for summer or winter wear, suspenders, hose, neck-ties, collars, both paper and linen, handkerchiefs.
The best manufacture of Kid Gloves, a full assortment of sizes, colors, etc., on hand.
WM. McCLELLAN,
No. 4 Brockerhoff Row, Bellefonte, Pa.
5-13—tf

DRESS MAKING.
Mrs. A. E. Selbert and daughter would respectfully inform the ladies of Bellefonte and vicinity, that they are prepared to do
FASHIONABLE DRESS MAKING
AND
Family Sewing.
Located on High street, in McCafferty's new block, opposite the railroad depot.
v7-n51-3m

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PAINTING
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ROBERT H. IRWIN
Takes this method to present his claims to public favor. He is prepared to do in a neat, expeditious, and thorough manner, and at prices that defy competition,
House Painting,
GRAINING,
KALSOMINING,
Paper Hanging,
SIGN PAINTING,
AND
FANCY & ORNAMENTAL PAINTING, ETC.
Orders left at
IRWIN & SON'S OFFICE,
in Diamond, or at his Shop on Howard Street, will receive prompt attention.
7-38-6m

GALBRAITH & WHITE,
PLUMBERS,
GAS & STEAM FITTERS.
We pay particular attention to heating buildings by steam. Copper smithing and re-bronzing old gas fixtures done nicely and expeditiously. All our work warranted to give perfect satisfaction.
GALBRITH & WHITE,
Bellefonte, Pa.
17-1y

PLUMBING AND GAS FITTING.
The undersigned give notice that they have this day formed a co-partnership in the
Plumbing And Gas Fitting
business, under the firm name of DANIEL DERR & CO., and will be ready at all times to attend to calls in their line, at the shop of Daniel Derr, in Bellefonte. All work will be done at
REASONABLE PRICES
and in a workmanlike manner.
Bellefonte, Pa., November 3, 1875.
DANIEL DERR,
7-45 JOHN W. BARNES.

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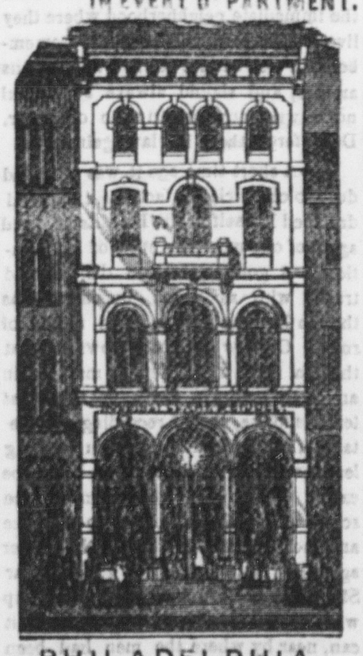
HOWARD STREET, BELLEFONTE, PA.
BUREAUS,
SOFAS,
LOUNGES,
HAT RACKS,
WHAT-NOTS,
EXTENSION TABLES,
CHAIRS,
STANDS,
STOOLS, &c.,
of every description, quality and price, for sale cheaper than at any other establishment of the kind in Central Penn'a.
UNDERTAKER.
Ready-made Coffins, of all sizes and prices kept constantly on hand. Also Coffins manufactured to order.
v6n10-tf B. P. HARRIS.

Unusual Inducements
NEW AND ATTRACTIVE GOODS,
IN EVERY D PARTMENT.



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Jewelry, Diamonds, Watches,
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From Paris, Vienna and Berlin
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Orders by mail will receive prompt attention

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Corner Front and Pine Street,
PHILIPSBURG, CENTRE CO., PA.
ROBERT LOYD, Prop'r.
The best of Liquors and Segars constantly on hand. The table is well supplied with the best the market affords. v4n25-1y

MERCHANTS HOTEL,
CUMMINGS & MAUGLE,
FOURTH ST.
A FEW DOORS ABOVE MARKET,
PHILADELPHIA, PA.
The accomodations at the "Merchants" are first class and prices moderate. 6-9-tf

Expresses.

SOLOMON DERR.—Hereby gives notice to his old friends and the business community generally that he has a good team of horses, and that he is prepared at all times to deliver lumber, flour, feed, or baggage, or anything else in his line, to any part of the town or County. Everything committed to his care, will be attended to punctually. 4-28-1y.

ISAAC LOSE Takes this Method to inform his friends and the public generaly that he is prepared to do all kinds of express business and will deliver promptly to any point in Bellefonte or the county anything that may be trusted to his care. Thankful for past favors asks a continuence of public favor. 5-6-1

JNO. D. SOURBECK.
LOCAL EXPRESS.
A local expressing promptly attends to reasonable rates.
Also, proprietor of all the bill boards in town
BILL POSTING A SPECIALTY.
5-16-1y

Miscellaneous.

ECLECTIC MAGAZINE
OF
FOREIGN LITERATURE,
1876.
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In the department of general literature, the ECLECTIC is unsurpassed by any of the literary monthlies. A class of writers contribute to the English periodicals such as seldom appear in American magazines, and the choicest of their articles are reproduced in the ECLECTIC. Among the writers recently represented in its pages are the Right Hon. W. E. Gladstone, James Anthony Froude, Matthew Arnold, Charles Kingsley, Robert Buchanan, Leslie Stephen, Arthur Helps, Alfred Tennyson, Thomas Hughes, William Black, Mrs. Oliphant, Thomas Hardy, William Morris, Miss Thackery, Mrs. Alexander, and others equally eminent.
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It is believed that in this department the ECLECTIC is more comprehensive and complete than any other magazine not exclusively devoted to the subject. Its articles are written by the leading authorities in their special fields: as Profs. Huxley and Tyndall, Richard Proctor, B. A., Prof. Owen, Dr. W. B. Carpenter, Max Muller, J. Norman Lockyer, Herbert Spencer, all of whom have been represented in recent issues of the Magazine.
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There is no branch of literature more important and, at the same time, more generally interesting, than Biography. In this department, therefore, will be found sketches of most of the famous men of the present and past time.
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In this department the best current literature of its class is found; comprising occasional serial novels, but chiefly the short stories and tales, for which the English Magazines are deservedly celebrated.
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FLUID EXTRACT
BUCHU
Is the only known remedy for
BRIGHT'S DISEASE
And a positive cure for
GOUT, GRAVEL, STRICTURES, DIABETES, DYSPEPSIA, NERVOUS DEBILITY, DROPSY, FEMALE COMPLAINTS, Non-Retention or Incontinence of Urine, Irritation, Inflammation or Ulceration of the BLADDER AND KIDNEYS, Stermatorrhœa, Leucorrhœa or Whites, Irregular or painful Menses, Bearing Down, Chlorosis, debility and all complaints incident to females.
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For Stone in the Bladder, Calculus Gravel or Brickdust Deposit and Mucus or Milky Discharges, and Diseases of the Prostate Gland.
KEARNEY'S EXTRACT BUCHU
cures Diseases arising from Imprudences, Habits of Dissipation, &c., in all their stages, at little expense, little or no change in diet, no inconvenience and no exposure. It causes a frequent desire, and gives strength to urinate, thereby removing Obstructions, Preventing and Curing Strictures of the Urethra, Allaying Pain and Inflammation, and expelling all Poisonous matter.
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Permanently cures all affections of the Bladder, Kidneys, and Dropsical Swelling existing in Men, Women and Children, no matter what the age. Ask for Kearney's. Take no other.
Price One Dollar per Bottle, or Six Bottles for Five Dollars.
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FOR SALE BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.
31-1y

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31-1y 194 Duane Street, New York.

BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN

BELLEFONTE, PA.

Lodge Directory.

Bayard Post, No. 90, G. A. R., meets every Monday evening, at 7 o'clock, in Bush's Arcade.

Bellefonte Council, No. 279, O. U. A. M., meets every Tuesday evening, at 7 o'clock, in Bush's Arcade

Bellefont Lodge, No. 190, K. of P., meets every Friday evening, at their hall, in Meek's Building, opposite the Bush House.

Centre Lodge, No. 153, I. O. O. F., meets every Thursday evening at the Odd Fellow's hall. Degree meetings first Saturday of each month.

Minerva (Rebekah Degree) Lodge, No. 53, meets on the Saturday night next to and immediately before the full of the moon of each month, in Odd Fellow's hall.

Bellefonte Encampment, No. 72 I. O. O. F., meets at the Odd Fellow's hall on the second and fourth Mondays of every month.

Bellefonte Lodge, No. 268, A. Y. M., meets on Tuesday evening, at 7 o'clock, on or before each moon, in Masonic Lodge, Bush's Arcade.

Bellefonte Chapter, 243, R. A. M. meets on Thursday night preceeding the second Friday of each month, in Masonic Lodge.

Constans Commandery, No. 3, K. T., meets the second Friday evening of each month, in Masonic Lodge.

Bellefonte and County.

SPECIAL NOTICE.—Those persons who know themselves to be in arrears to us for subscription, advertising and job work, (and certainly they cannot forget it), will do us a great favor by calling and settling, or sending us the amounts they know to be due. It is as impossible to print a paper without money as it is for a man who neglects to pay the printer, to get any glory in this world, or to go to the next one. Don't lose sight of the fact that, although the amount of your delinquency may be small, that it is the aggregation of small drops of water that makes up the mighty ocean. Drop in and aggregate us enough greenbacks to keep the thing going smoothly, and we will be able to give you a paper enough better, to make you feel a double satisfaction in having done your duty. It is very hard to edit a paper when the editor is perplexed for ways and means to raise the one thing needful. If you are too far away to drop in upon us, please send along your dues by mail. Don't forget!

——The oldest inhabitants are comparing notes on the weather just now.

——Our thanks are due to Mr. S. T. Shugert, Esq., for copies of the Legislative Record.

——Some of the farmers about this vicinity have done the most of their spring plowing since the first of January.

——James W. Runkle and Samuel Horter, of Penn Hall, killed a hog that weighed 556 pounds. Joseph Wilkinson, of Howard, has beat that, having killed one that weighed 586 pounds.

——One of our school scholars embodied in a composition that the idea of the devil originated in Persia, but did not amount to much until after the discovery of America.

——Mrs. Jane Swisshelm says: "The war of races and the reign of terror in the South must be blotted out." That is so, but now look here Jane, you are a lusty female; why don't you do the stamping yourself.

——A bill has been introduced into the Ohio State Senate imposing a fine of fifty dollars for taking the name of God in vain. Such a law would be a good device to raise money and pay off the national debt.

——Henry Pletcher, of Howard, died a week ago last Monday, at twenty minutes to one o'clock P. M. He was 86 years old, and had been quite feeble for a long time, having been confined to the house for the last four years.

——We learn from the Centre Hall *Reporter*, that John Limbert, the gentlemanly proprietor of the hotel at Aaronsburg, is about to leave that place and take up his residence in Philadelphia. Mr. Elijah Burd will succeed him as landlord of the Penn House.

——The *Reporter* has on its subscription list the name of a mean man in Ohio, who has taken that paper for three years and refuses to pay for it. Publish his name Fred; we have a few dead-heads on our list, and we think we will publish a list of them sometime when the spirit hits us aright.

——Farmers will do well to consult Shortlidge & Co. before selling their grain to other parties. This firm have always paid the very highest market price for grain and are noted for fair dealings with their patrons. Farmers who can join and sell car lots, will find it greatly to their advantage to sell for cash. Cash for grain and coal for cash, is their motto.

——Doctor Hensel, of Howard, was riding along the road near Jacksonville, on Thursday last, in his buggy, when one of the axles broke and frightened his horse, which began to kick and run; but the doctor held on to the lines till he was thrown from the buggy, and unfortunately broke one of his legs below the knee. He was taken home and Doctor Dobbins, of this place, was summoned to go and set the bone in its proper position. Doctor Hensel is a good practitioner and has many friends who sympathize with him in his unexpected calamity

——Two weeks ago the "Watchman," in its eagerness to bring into contempt any movement made in the interest of working men, professed to be very much surprised because, immediately following our offer to advertise for men in want of employment free, we had not a full column of such advertisements, and stated what was false, "that we had not a single advertisement of that kind," and this week, notwithstanding the fact that we had thirteen such advertisements in our last issue, the Philipsburg *Journal* echos the same false statement. It is true working men were a little slow to avail themselves of the privilege, and so used are they to pay for all they get, and that too very dearly, that they could hardly realize that we only desired to contribute our mite to assist those of our fellows who find it hard to make one end meat and the other end bread in the present unfavorable time for laboring men. We were pleased to learn, last Saturday, from one of these men, that his advertisement in the REPUBLICAN had brought him employment and received his heartfelt thanks. We felt the satisfaction every man feels in his heart of hearts when he does a kind neighborly act for another, without the hope or expectation of reward. If our favor to laboring men adds to the comfort of even a few families, we shall not think our labor lost, and to laboring men we say advertise, if there are any opportunities for work you will obtain it. But a few days ago we saw a man running his legs off to find wood choppers, hardly knowing where to go. Now if an employer wants help, he can look at the REPUBLICAN and see just the men that are out of employment and want to work.

——A correspondent from Eagleville sends us a communication over the signature of "Victor." As is usually the case with communications where the writer is afraid to give his real name, this present one is not proper for publication. He commences by saying, he has not seen any Eagleville items in our paper of late, so he wanted to let us know what was going on in that little town. He then speaks of a new organization started up in their midst, called the Patriotic Son's of America, and says what might be said of any society, that some of the members are good and some bad. He then goes on to divulge their actions in a manner that would subject both him and us to prosecution, if published. He then winds up by saying that he hopes we will consider his article worthy of publication, as it will oblige a constant reader of our paper. We make this allusion to the communication because we are confident that the writer has written it without full knowledge or appreciation of the risk he is incurring, or that he would subject us to. We are always glad to hear from our friends, and always consider it a favor if friends will send us local news from the immediate neighborhood where they live, but correspondents should remember that we cannot publish anonymous articles, and should always be careful not to write anything in spite or anger. Don't forget there is a law against libel.

——A short time ago it was our sad duty to chronicle the fact that a man had drowned himself in the Bald Eagle, and again of one who, in a state of intoxication, had gone to sleep on the railroad track, with as much unconcern as though he was laying upon a bed of roses. Oh how our heart grows sick at the fatal folly which tempts men again and again to brave death in the most terrible forms, and of recording the details of each sad disaster when nothing less than sheer madness has been the cause. When will men learn, in the school of experience, to let nitro-glicerine and such "groceries" alone. No longer ago than last week, a man walking near Shortlidge & Co.'s lime kiln, picked up what appeared to be an empty tin fruit can, near by where the men had been blasting for stone to fill the kiln. Thinking it would do for something he took it home and carelessly commenced rasping off the rough edges around the top to make them smooth, with an old file. Strange to say, so contrary do things work sometimes in this world, no explosion followed, and it is pretty generally admitted by the neighbors, that it was a fruit can after all. For some time we had hopes, being short of locals, but we have called down our devil who was up on the roof with a telescope to see which way the head went when the man blew up.

STAY LAW.—We have heard a great many persons lately, express a wish that the Legislature would pass a stay law. Such a law would be a great blessing to many an honest poor man. It seems hard that the accumulating earnings of years should be sacrificed in such times as these. Property forced into the market will not bring half of its former value, or in other words, half what it would if people had money to buy with. If the people desire such a law, now is the time to circulate petitions. If this matter is attended to, we have no doubt but that a hundred thousand names might be got in the State.

——A Missouri paper, speaking of a dumb woman in that State, says: "Her voice is as silent as the sullen roar of Niagara."

——Victor E. Piollet, the Democratic candidate for State Treasurer, lectured to the Patrons of Husbandry at Clearfield last night.

——The dwelling of Jonathan Walker, about half a mile from Philipsburg, was consumed by fire last week. But few articles were saved from the house.

——The damage to next year's grain and fruit crop by this mild January weather, and lack of a comfortable covering of snow, is estimated from eleven cents to $25,000,000.

——The Methodists of Centre Hall are about purchasing a bell for their new church. A bell and a good-sized organ are almost indispensable to a well regulated modern church.

——A few days ago a tramp was heard to say that he would rather loaf around on one meal a day than to work for a thousand dollars a minute. O, if the "Watchman" editor would only be as honest in expressing himself.

——A gentleman lectured in a neighboring city on "All about the devil," but had but about half a dozen hearers. There are not many people who care to hear all about the devil, but are satisfied to wait a while until they find out.

——The Rev. Murray, an Orthodox minister of Boston, and a great lover of the horse, says he sometimes thinks that horses have souls. The horses throughout the country are expected now, to say something nice in reply.

——The Bellefonte REPUBLICAN recently offered to advertise for persons out of employment, gratis, and curiously enough has not received an advertisement.—[Philipsburg Journal.

Not so fast! brother Ellsworth. Clap on your spectacles and cast your eyes over our columns once more.

——We have been called upon to record a great many marriages of late, notwithstanding the fact that times are hard, and many a girl who was playing the piano last year while her mother was working over a hot stove, is now doing the same thing for herself. But it was ever thus.

AN EVENING WITH THE POETS.—Miss C. R. Le Count, of Philadelphia, will give a public reading at the Court House Thursday evening, January 27th. The proceeds to be devoted to the benefit of the A. M. E. church, of this place. Miss Le Count is a pleasant and agreeable speaker, and cannot fail to please all who hear her.

——That bloated bond-holder, Ellsworth, of the Philipsburg *Journal*, expresses himself as sorry that government bonds are on the decline. We feel sorry for him, and yet he is lucky. There is not many printers these times who are troubled with the bond bloat. Take our advise Ellsworth, and send some of them to brother Guss; he will not mind if they do go down to par.

——Dr. Theodore Apple, Professor of Astronomy in Lancaster, Pa., will deliver his justly celebrated lecture on "The Wonders of the Moon," in this place some time in February. The lecture is spoken and not read, and will be interesting to everybody. Illustrations of lunor scenery will be given upon a screen by means of the sciopticon. Everybody should go and hear it.

——The dedication of the new M. E. church, at Pleasant Gap, announced in our paper last week, we are authorized to say, is postponed to some future time, which will be made known by publication in the county papers. The former pastor, H. C. Galbraith, has been removed, and is without ministerial character. By order of Rev. Miller, pastor in charge.

——The unoccupied dwelling on the property of Frank Clark, at the Big Spring, a short distance from town, was burned on Saturday night. There was a quantity of shavings in the house, it having been used by some shingle makers, and somebody, in all probability, applied a match to them. The loss is not very great, still it was a house, and was not unfit for habitation. —[Philipsburg Journal.

SUSPENDED ANIMATION.—Saturday, Jan. 8th, Mamie Halman, of Lock Haven, aged about eighteen, died, as was supposed, of heart disease. After she had ceased to breathe, it was noticed by her friends that the body did not grow cold and stiff as it should if death had actually occurred. Five days elapsed, yet there was no change, and the friends begin to entertain the hope that it is a case of suspended animation, although the doctors say she is dead. The body will be cared for by loving friends until every doubt in regard to the matter is dispelled.

REPORT OF BIG RUN SCHOOL, LIBERTY TOWNSHIP.—Whole number on roll, 34; males 15, females 19; average attendance during month ending Jan. 14th, males 12, females 16; per cent. during term, males 35, females 35. Anna, Lizzie and Dorah Bechdel, Laura Martin, Ada Bower, Nellie Hikel, William Leach, and Andrew Bower, have been in attendance every day during the month. Three were absent half a day, and three were absent one day. The chicken pox has been the cause of some being absent. The present month will yield a fuller report as fall work is about all done.

J. C. BECHDEL,
Teacher.

——It has been the custom of some people, in different sections of this county, and especially in the vicinity of Jacksonville, for some time past, to annoy wedding parties in such extreme manner as is disgusting to civilized and law abiding people. This has become so notorious that a groom, who was recently married to a lady of that locality, prepared himself to meet every emergency that might arrise. The day after the wedding the party started for Brush Valley; when they got one mile east of Jacksonville, they found some bummers on hand with a rope tied across the road, but before they could make their demands known, the groom, a Mr. Gates, from Cambria county, sprang from his buggy with a revolver in one hand and a knife in the other, with which he severed the rope, and was allowed to pass without further molestation. It is said the same trick was tried on the same party near Rebersburg, which terminated in the same manner. On a former occasion a set of harness was stolen or hid, for which the groom was compelled to pay three dollars before he could recover his property. We learn that a Mr. Frane is one of the most conspicuous characters in such matters; but if there are many like Mr. Gates, go to that section for wives, these freaks of fun may be brought to a sudden and unhappy termination.

——A week ago last Monday there was a very high wind. As we were going to our office that morning, we noticed many freaks of the wind. On Linn street about forty rods of rail fence were laying flat on the ground. On Spring street the wind had played the same joke on Mr. Van Tries, blowing down his front yard fence. But we also noticed some amusing freaks of the wind. As for instance, a man just coming out of his house with a pan of ashes in his arms, and just as he had got a little ways from the door, the wind took him, or rather the ashes, and he was lost to sight in a furious cloud, while from out of its very midst, issued a series of the most astounding sounds and explosive English, broken by coughs and lacerated by sneezes, ever heard in this vicinity, we think. The next moment the cloud was gone, revealing to our gaze a wildly agitated mass of grayish clothing and hair, passionately kicking an empty pan around the street.

——Read the large double-column advertisement of Kennedy & Co., in this paper. The advertisers are worthy of confidence, and their assertions can be relied on. Parties remitting money can be fully assured that they will receive just what is promised. The liberality and enterprise of Messrs. Kennedy & Co. are shown by the fact that they give to each agent a coin silver hunting-case watch. We have not seen or examined this watch, but have no doubt that it is in every way equal to what is claimed for it. They want an agent in this county; some lucky reader of this paper will get it. The remedy they offer is popular, the profits large, the business all your own. If you do not wish another to bear away the prize, answer this advertisement at once, and remit for sample dozen, and you will thank us for advising you, and thus giving you a business as long as you live—permanent, profitable, honorable and pleasant. Who could ask more?

——The papers are already cautioning visitors to the Centennial to beware of hack drivers. There is no doubt but that the majority of city hack drivers are the most unscrupulous set of men that ever came in contact with the traveling public, and too much cannot be said on the subject to keep unsuspecting people on their guard. With the net-work of street railways in Philadelphia, it will hardly be necessary for anybody to resort to hacks in order to get to the Centennial grounds, seven cts. being the maximum price paid to ride to or from the grounds from any part of the city on street cars. Our advice is, beware of hack drivers in any city.

——A son of David Fiegal, who lives about two miles and a half from town, was engaged in hauling coal from the mine on his father's farm during the terrific wind storm which prevailed on Monday, when a large tree was blown down near him, and striking the team, killed one horse instantly and badly injured the other. The young man himself made a very narrow escape, the stems of the tree, into which the trunk divided near the top, lodging each side of him, but leaving him unscathed. —[Philipsburg Journal.

——A Bellefonter, who was in Milesburg last week, met Josh Mitchell—every one knows Josh. Well, Josh thinks they have a soft snap on Bellefonte. He says every thing is going to eternal smash up here. He is glad he has no money in the banks. He lost his spare change at a shooting match, and let come what will now, he is out of harm's way. Amid the jostling of matter and the crush of worlds, he is safe, and cannot be hurled from opulence to poverty.

——Wolves are killing sheep in some localities in our neighboring county of Clearfield. One farmer is said to have lost twenty in one night.

——Best 5 cent cigars at Green's.

——Oh, dear! Gov. Hayes said nothing about the centennial in his message.

——Davie Glenn commenced cutting ice on the mill dam last Monday. Ice good, and about six inches thick.

——A horse ran down High street, one day last week, with nothing but a collar on. If it had been a man the excitement would have been greater.

——Is it any wonder that our public schools are not first-class, when the average male teacher in this State receives only $41, and the average female $34 per month.

——Mr. John F. Shank, of Howard, called upon us last week and furnished us with some local items from that place, for which he has our thanks. We hope our friends from all over the county will imitate his example.

——Now is the time when the least breath of suspicion might ruin the financial prospects of good men and bring distress upon a whole community, and now is just the time when all insinuations should be avoided between man and man.

——In consequence of the miners' strike, from January to June, 1875, the Reading Railroad Company have been compelled to pass one semi-annual dividend. Notwithstanding this, they were able to negotiate a loan in London, within the last month, of ten millions, which they propose to use in extending their mining operations.

——We call the attention of our readers to the advertisement of E. S. Washburn's last sensation. This will be a rare opportunity to go and hear the songs, scenes, rites and cermonies of the "wild untutored savages." Twenty-five star peformers, at Reynold's Hall, Tuesday evening, January 25th.

——There has been one case—just one—of small pox near Hublersburg since the disease broke out in Milesburg. Madam Rumor has reported an indefinite number, from which we might infer that that quiet little town was infested with an epidemic. The case we speak of is convalescent and no new cases reported.

——The annual meeting for the election of officers of the Centre County Agricultural Society, will be held in the Court room Monday evening, Jan. 24, 1876, at 7 o'clock. The annual reports will be presented and other business of importance will be transacted. A full attendance is requested.

D. S. KELLER,
Secretary.

——The Centre Hall *Reporter* claims that its circulation is "among the largest in the county." It is a good paper, and devoted to the interests of the other side of the mountain, and well deserves the liberal patronage it receives in that quarter. Its circulation in Pennsvalley is three times as large as the other two Democratic papers combined. This information has been received from a reliable source.

——There are but two firms who are taking out their accustomed quantity of timber this season, in this and the several counties adjoining us. The rest are engaged in trimming up fallen trees to keep them from going to loss, which will make about one thousand new rafts for the spring trade. It is understood that there are rafts enough in the river now to supply the spring trade. If this is the case a dull market may be looked for, provided there shall be any snow to enable them to get their timber hauled.

——The most beautiful (and practically valuable) of "The Beauties of Science!" Phonography or short-hand writing, by which we are enabled to write from 100 to 200 words per minute, and thus save years of time in a lifetime. Everybody in general, and business and professional men especially should learn it. This grand art is taught by W. R. Baker, who is about organizing a class in Bellefonte. A rare opportunity to those desiring to learn it. For terms and particulars apply to the above named gentleman, at the public school house or Brockerhoff House. 8-3-2t

EDWARD T. TUTEN, ESQ:—As you noticed our shooting match was to come off at the glass works on Saturday last, we think it due you that we make a report. Owing to the fact that there was another match up Buffalo Run the same day, we had rather a small crowd of marksmen hardly enough to raise the price of the guns offered. The shooting, therefore, was done for chickens, turkeys and pigs, at a distance of over fifty yards. They not only shot the paper in pieces, but the board also was so badly split up that we could not have decided who was the best shot if it had not been for Abe Ryan, targat man, who noticed when William Sharp made his shot that it was the best shot there, and you may calculate that it was good, when Sam'l McMurtry had previously made three shots into the board that only measured three-fourths of an inch string measure. Daniel Wyland, John Thomas and James Teller also got prizes, and to do so the shots had to be very close on the paper. The party, I believe, decided to go to Tyrone next Saturday to take part in shooting for a horse. The match for the guns will come off Saturday, January 29th, at the glass works. All crack shots are cordially invited to take part.

Education.

MR. EDITOR:—I wish to say a few words in favor of education. There has been much written on this subject, yet there is room for much more. We would not attempt, were it not that every day we find persons whose life is a failure, and who are a curse rather than a benefit to society. Why? Because they either have little or no education of any kind, or else they have been brought up under the stuffing plan. The practicable part of their education has been neglected; they have been taught too much trashy stuff, called recitation. An education, as it ought to be, tends to perfect man mentally, morally and intellectually. What I wish to say is, that most teachers conform too closely to the text book; teachers should be able to add new matter to the lesson. Teachers who make themselves a slave to the text book, and can ask no questions, except those ready asked in the text book, and can give no further explanation than is there given, are the persons who fail to interest their pupils, and cause them to dread the approach of their recitation. Teachers have said to me, "I cannot get my pupils to study." I am proud to say that I never had but little trouble in getting them to study; and it is undoubtedly the fault of the teacher, not the pupils; he fails to make it interesting and pleasant for them. But the idea is, to make education more practicable. Pupils ought to be taught the practicable put with the theoretical. It is a gross mistake to crowd students through schools, and then they must take another course of the same length of time before they are fit for business. Men may be stuffed through two or three colleges—as many are—without the practicable part, and they are no more use to society than a cotton-gin would be at the south pole. Many examples of great and good men might be given who received a practicable education from beginning to end, whose life was a success—who did much for their country. We know of none better than that of Washington, who received the practice with the theory; that which was subservient to the life which he afterward followed. The good of our country demands such men to-day. J. S. LUCAS.

——A son of Samuel Tibbens, of Spring Township, came to town last Saturday with his father's horse, and left the animal hitched to a post while he was attending to the business which brought him here. When he went to get his horse it was gone, some vagabond having appropriated it to his own use. On Monday the horse had not been found.

——Go to Green's for a good 5 cent cigar.

DIED.

In Unionville, Jan. 6th, 1876, at the residence of her son, Rev. Jacob V. R. Hughes, Mrs. Eliza E. Hughes, in the 80th year of her age.
"She sweetly fell asleep in Jesus."

On Friday, Dec. 10th 1875, at Harrisburg, Dr. Jymes F. Hutchinson, a native of Centre county.

At a meeting of the Dauphin county Medical Society, Dec. 11, 1875, the following preamble and resolutions were adopted:

WHEREAS, It has pleased the Almighty in His infinite wisdom to remove by death, James F. Hutchinson, M. D., after a lingering illness, the result of severe accidental injury; therefore,

Resolved, I. That we tender the sympathies of the Society to his bereaved family in the loss of one whose talents as a physician gained him the confidence of those who were fortunate enough to secure his experience, while his medical attainments gave him the esteem and respect of his professional brethern.

II. That a copy of these resolutions be placed upon the minutes of the meeting.

III. That a duly certified copy be transmitted to the family of the deceased

IV. That they be published in the daily papers. Also, that the Society attend his funeral in a body.

D. L. OHTS, M. D.
First Vice President.
Attest:
H. HAMILTON, M. D., Secretary.

LIST of Patents issued to inventors of Pennsylvania excepting Philadelphia, for the week ending Dec. 28, 1875, and each dated Nov. 23, 1875. Furnished this paper by Cox & Cox, Solicitors of Patents, Washington, D. C.

Piston for Force Pump G Gilmer Webster
Planing Machine L Huston Montgomery
Saan Holders H Milchsack Nazareth
Reed Organ Attachments H Moore Erie
Book Support F Musser Beever Falls
Remedies for Pulmonary Diseases J Slemmons Pittsburg
Railroad Bulletin Box W Jacoby Uniontown
Cigar Cutters J Shepard Allegheny
Oil Wheel Packer L Stewart Titusville
" " W Hardinson St Petersburg
Potato Masher R Crane Columbia
Saw Teeth A Diamond Pittsburg
Brick Kilns A Morand Germantown
Sausage Machine H Rankin Allegheny

Bellefonte Markets.

BELLEFONTE, Jan. 19, 1876.

The unusual mild weather and bad roads has its effect on the trade of our town. The requirements for winter wearing apparel are very limited, and many a fine overcoat will be shelved for the next winter.

WHEAT.—The demand for wheat has been rather inactive during the last fortnight; but the market looks better this week, and a rather firmer feeling exists. There is no change in price. The mills are full with quite a quantity of ware housed. Shortlidge & Co. have done more shipping, during the last two months, than all the other buyers combined, who continue to buy at the highest market prices.

CORN.—The demand for corn is still limited; the season is so damp and wet that farmers are unable to shell. No sale for cob.

OATS.—There is occasionally some inquiry for oats at prices that will not pay to ship—when it can be bought at thirty-five cents from first hands.

HAY.—There is a wide range in the price of hay; good timothy hay was sold last week for $16.00 per ton. Some of the crack farmers are asking $25.00, while others are above that figure. The stock is equal to the demand, and the price will likely vary, as the season advances.

White Wheat per bushel	$1 1
Red wheat	1 15
Rye per bushel	80
Corn, ears (new)	40@45
Corn, shelled (old)	60
Oats	35
Flour, retail per barrel	6.50@7.00
Flour, wholesale	6.00
HAY AND STRAW.	
Hay choice timothy per ton	$20 00
Hay Mixed per ton	15.00@18 00
Long rye straw, bundled per ton	10 00
Short straw per ton	6.00@8 00
Clover seed	7 00